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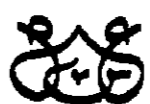
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FOURTEEN PAGES — ONE RIYAL

Fahd confers with Gerald Ford

RIYADH, Jan. 20 (Agencies) — Crown Prince Fahd Saturday held a meeting here with former U.S. President Gerald Ford.

The ex-president, who is on a Middle East tour, arrived in Riyadh earlier in the day.

Ford has already visited Egypt and Syria where he discussed the Middle East question with Presidents Anwar Sadat and Hafez Assad.

Ford is also scheduled to visit Jordan, Oman, Qatar, the UAE and Israel.



MIDEAST TOUR: Former U.S. President Gerald Ford, who is on a tour of several Middle East countries, being received by Crown Prince Fahd on his arrival in Riyadh Saturday.

UNIFIL mandate extended

U.S. criticizes Israel's attack

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20 (Agencies) — The United States has criticized Israel's raid against Palestinian positions and refugee camps in Lebanon and urged restraint by all parties in what it called "this dangerous situation."

"We regret the Israeli decision to carry out this raid. We believe that Israel's security interests would be better protected by cooperation with the United Nations peacekeeping force, both by Israel and by Christian militias in southern Lebanon which it supports," spokesman Tom Reston said Friday night.

"We urge that all parties concerned exercise restraint in this dangerous situation and cooperate with U.N. forces to help end instability in southern Lebanon."

Reston's remarks indicated considerable concern about the impact of the raid. "We regret the raid," he said.

Meanwhile at the U.N., Israel told the Security Council that it would continue to hit Palestinian bases in southern Lebanon.

Israeli Ambassador Yehuda Blum was speaking after the council extended the mandate for the U.N. Interim Force in Lebanon (UNIFIL) for another five months.

The resolution was adopted by 12 votes to none against, with the Soviet Union and Czechoslovakia abstaining and China not taking part in the voting.

The text made no mention of the raid carried out by Israeli troops less than 24 hours earlier against Palestinian bases and refugee camps, but the attack was referred to repeatedly in the course of the debate.

Lebanese U.N. representative Ghassan Tuani said his country lodged the strongest protest against this "inadmissible act," which was carefully timed to take place while the council was trying to salvage peace and security in the area.

Secretary-General Kurt Waldheim told the council Friday night that the latest Israeli raid, directed against targets north of the Litani River, did not take place in territory under the control of UNIFIL, which suffered no casualties.

But he said the U.N. had spotted the movement of Israeli armored vehicles into the rightist-held areas, as well as helicopter overflights, indicating some form of ground attack by helicopter-borne troops with artillery support from the enclaves.

The Israeli ambassador claimed the Palestine Liberation Orga-

nization (PLO) was using UNIFIL as a shield from behind which it emerged to launch attacks inside Israel.

Israel would continue its policy of "taking the necessary action against PLO bases used for ... activities against Israel, while scrupulously avoiding any shooting at U.N. positions," he said.

Ambassador Tuani of Lebanon accused Israel of obstructing international peace-keeping in continued defiance of U.N. resolutions and of willfully attempting to use UNIFIL as a cover "to perpetuate its aggression against Lebanon and the practical occupation of Lebanese territory."

He also charged Israel with "trying to establish unimpeded, vicarious occupation of southern Lebanon ... through mercenaries."

The council resolution deplored the "lack of cooperation particularly on Israel's part" with UNIFIL, including Israel's assistance to the rightist irregulars.

The council reaffirmed its determination, in the event of continued obstruction, to "examine practical ways and means" to secure full implementation of U.N. decisions. It did not spell out any specific steps.

It also urged U.N. members to "bring their influence to bear" on those concerned.

The Lebanese government was invited to draw up, in consultation with Waldheim, a

"phased program of activities to be carried out over the next three months" to promote the restoration of its authority in southern Lebanon.

This element of the resolution was emphasized by also being referred to in an agreed statement read out by council president Donald Mifs of Jamaica.

The council is to meet again in three months to assess the situation.

Although Waldheim had recommended a six-month renewal of UNIFIL, France had urged a period of four months to stress that the U.N. operation was intended to be only temporary. A compromise of five months was agreed on after intensive consultations.

In Beirut, Lebanese Prime Minister Salim Hoss said Saturday the extension of UNIFIL's mandate would test the world organization's ability to end "continued Israeli aggression" against south Lebanon.

He made the forecast in a statement welcoming the Security Council resolution.

The resolution, Hoss stated, would test "the ability of the United Nations and international determination to put an end to continued Israeli aggression against south Lebanon."

Israeli attacks on the area during the Security Council discussion of UNIFIL's mandate constituted a flagrant assertion of aggressive intention, he said.

Mubarak: New peace summit a possibility

ASWAN, Jan. 20 (Agencies) — Vice-President Hosni Mubarak said Saturday another summit involving Egypt, Israel and the United States was a possibility if present efforts by U.S. special envoy Alfred Atherton failed to break the deadlock over an Egyptian-Israeli peace treaty.

Mubarak told reporters that Egypt's position on its talks with Israel remained unchanged. Atherton was expected in Cairo Sunday, he said.

"We are waiting to hear from Mr. Atherton and if his efforts ... fail, then a summit is a possibility," the vice-president said.

But he added that a summit would require considerable preparation since neither President Carter nor President Anwar Sadat wanted such a meeting to fail.

Mubarak said Atherton would hold talks with Acting Foreign Minister Boutros Ghali on Monday about the outcome of the U.S. envoy's present meetings in Israel.

Sadat would receive Atherton if necessary, depending on what he had to say, the vice-president said.

Mubarak made his remarks after seeing off Sadat who left for two days of unity talks in Sudan with President Jaafar Numeiri.

Mubarak said he did not know whether Atherton would be bringing new U.S. suggestions with him to Cairo. But he said Egypt's position had not changed on the amendment it wanted to the present draft treaty or the question of linkage.

"We cannot accept any changes on the basic principle linking the treaty to the establishment of Palestinian self-rule on the West Bank of Jordan and the Gaza Strip," he said.

Egypt could not wait 20 years for self-rule in Gaza and the West Bank, he said.

"If we accept Israeli withdrawal from Sinai without linking it to self rule this will be a separate agreement which is not acceptable at all," he declared.

Mubarak criticized Israel's latest raid against Palestinian positions in southern Lebanon and said Egypt was against any attack on any Arab country.

He said Atherton's present mission to Israel and Egypt was mainly concerned with Articles Four and Six of the draft treaty.

Article Four provides for U.N. buffer forces in Sinai, a limit on Egyptian forces and other security arrangements.

Mubarak said Egypt wanted the article changed because "we do not accept restrictions on our land forever."

Article Six gives the draft treaty precedence over Egypt's other treaty commitments, including the 1951 Joint Arab defense pact.

Mubarak said Egypt still wanted the article amended. Israel has so far refused to agree on this.

Mubarak added that the U.S. fully understood Egypt's position and was playing the role of full partner and mediator in the peace negotiations.

Khomeini plans to return to Iran 'in a few days'

NBAUPHLE-LE-CHATEAU, France, Jan. 20 (Agencies) — Ayatollah Ruhollah Khomeini, exiled leader of Iran's religious opposition movement, said Saturday he will return to Iran "in a few days."

In a statement to his followers, the 78-year old religious leader said: "With the help of God, I will be among you after a few days."

Aides had previously said Khomeini might not return for several weeks and the latest message seemed to indicate an acceleration of his bid to take control of Iran.

Khomeini renewed his appeals for calm after Friday's massive peaceful demonstrations throughout Iran which he said he regarded as a referendum in favor of the Islamic republic which he has demanded.

Khomeini issued a strong warning to members of Iran's parliament not to attend the legislature's sessions and to give up their seats.

"I warn the representatives of (Shah) Muhammad Reza Pahlavi who have illegally occupied the seats of parliament to evacuate the nation's house so that the true representatives of the people may enter their home after being denied that

right for 50 years," Khomeini said.

He issued the same warning to members of the regency council, set up by the Shah to exercise the monarch's powers in his absence.

Khomeini congratulated his followers for the success of Friday's protests.

The religious leader said those responsible for "plundering and plotting against the Iranian people" had escaped from the country but he said they would be forced to compensate the Iranian nation "at the earliest possible opportunity."

Khomeini's return, may be delayed by concern over the reaction of the army.

A spokesman indirectly voiced his concern when asked if a split in the army would hamper establishment of an Islamic republic "because the army today is the last thing that can save the old regime."

The spokesman, Ibrahim Yazdi, said Khomeini has received reports from Iran that thousands of army men are under detention at Shahrokh air base near Hamadan and Bah-dati air base near Dezful for demonstrating against the Shah.

He said 2,800 army men at

Shahrokh were on a hunger strike. He also said there were unconfirmed reports that some army men had been court-martialed and executed.

Yazdi said Khomeini would be willing to meet with Former U.S. Attorney General Ramsey Clark, who is not an official, providing Clark makes no attempt to mediate between Khomeini and the government of Premier Shahpour Bakhtiar, which Khomeini has denounced as illegitimate.

Tehran newspapers said Clark, after meeting with opposition leaders in Tehran, said he would recommend that the United States withdraw its support of Bakhtiar, urge the army to take a moderate course and set up official contacts with Khomeini.

Yazdi also said he envisaged National Front participation in a future anti-Shah government in Iran.

The Tehran newspaper

(Continued on back page)

PNC debating form of major committee

DAMASCUS, Jan. 20 (R) — Palestinian leaders met Saturday to try to work out a new system of representation for the 15-member Palestine Liberation Organization (PLO) executive committee. PLO sources said.

The discussions were part of a 10-day meeting of the Palestine National Council (PNC), a 301-strong parliament-in-exile, which began on Tuesday.

"This question (of representation) has been the only nut that has not been cracked to date," a source said.

Fateh, the major commando organization, is believed to be seeking a third of the seats on the committee. It is currently represented by two members, including PLO Chairman Yasser Arafat.

One idea being floated by several PNC members was to expand the committee's membership to 18, the sources said.

The leaders were also discussing whether minor commando organizations, such as the National Struggle Front and the Palestine Liberation Front, should be admitted to the committee, they said.

The PNC conference has split up into separate committees to discuss questions of politics, finances, national unity, occupied territories and military and social affairs.

The political committee was expected to discuss the situation in south Lebanon in addition to PLO relations with the outside world. The social committee will tackle, apart from improving the lot of the Palestinians, relations with the United Nations Relief and Works Agency for Palestine Refugees (UNRWA).

The committees will submit their reports to the PNC within the next two days, the sources said.

A full conference meeting which was expected to be held Saturday was postponed until Sunday while Arafat and other leading Palestinians went to greet the former Greek Catholic Archbishop of Jerusalem, Hilarion Capucci, who arrived here from Venezuela early Saturday.

It is Capucci's first visit to

(Continued on back page)

For 'dark conspiracies'

Sadat lashes at Soviet Union

KHARTOUM, Jan. 20 (Agencies) — President Anwar Sadat Saturday warned the Soviet Union against taking part in "dark conspiracies" in the area, alluding indirectly to the turmoil in Iran and the unrest in the Horn of Africa.

"We are following what is happening around us," declared Sadat, who is playing host to the Shah of Iran in Aswan. "We are vigilant and ready to face all conspiracies."

He said Moscow was "taking part in dark conspiracies ... to undermine stability in the region," and he warned its client regimes in the area against doing the same.

"We will never delay in heading the call of any Arab or African country if it is faced with aggression on its territory or destiny," Sadat warned.

Speaking to a joint session of the Egyptian and Sudanese parliaments being held here, Sadat pointedly stated: "I say to whom it may concern that the borders of Sudan are the borders of Egypt. Any attack on Sudan we will consider an attack on Egypt first and foremost."

His speech was Sadat's most forceful reference to the tide of unrest in Iran and what he perceives as a radical threat coming from Ethiopia against both Sudan and Somalia.

Egypt and Sudan are joined by a mutual defense pact concluded after Egyptian troops helped Sudanese President Jaafar Numeiri regain power following a coup in July 1976.

Like Egypt, Sudan has expelled Soviet military advisers and its relations with Moscow now are cool.

Sadat has said in the past that any attempt to tamper with the sources of the Nile by the pro-Soviet Marxist regime in Ethiopia will "be a matter of life and death for us."

But the more direct concern of Egyptian officials at the moment are the troubles in Iran, which they see as portending a threat to other moderate regimes in the area.

Sadat did not mention Iran by name, nor did he refer to the Shah. Sadat is staying with the "vacationing" monarch in the same hotel in Aswan, and broke off to come here for less than 24 hours before returning to Egypt.

The occasion for the speech

was to crown recent meeting of joint Egyptian-Sudanese committees which are charting common projects between the two countries.

The aim is to move slowly toward an eventual union. The joint parliamentary meeting here is a ceremonial part of that process.

But Sadat used it to warn the Russians, criticize the Palestine Liberation Organization and reassert Egypt's demands in the stalled peace talks with Israel.

"I warn against any hand working in the dark to achieve ambitions in the Horn and the Gulf," Sadat said, seemingly referring not only to the Soviet Union itself but to the Ethiopian and South Yemen governments, who fought together against Somalia last year.

Turning to the peace efforts with Israel, Sadat repeated once more than any agreement over Sinai must be linked with progress toward Palestinian autonomy in the West Bank and Gaza strip.

And he reiterated that he would not sign a separate peace with Israel. "This is a clear position which does not permit argument or distortion," Sadat said.

Sadat said Palestinian leaders, by refusing to join the peace effort, were taking a "negative stand" and urged them to reconsider.

He said leaders of the various Palestinian factions cannot agree among themselves, "so, how can they expect others to listen to them?"

Referring to the Baghdad summit's decision to provide the Palestine Liberation Organization with a \$250 million subsidy, Sadat said: "Palestinian struggle does not need millions of dollars or dollars but to the burial of differences and discussion."

Sadat said his repeated urgings to the PLO to set up a government-in-exile were not heeded because Palestinian leaders could not agree on how the government seats would be distributed.

(Continued on back page)

Disruption deepens

London ambulancemen to strike

LONDON, Jan. 20 (Agencies) — The government has said there is enough food in stores for the weekend despite the truckers strike, but their example has other workers pressing for more money. London ambulancemen go on strike Monday.

Ground staff at Heathrow Airport began a wildcat 24-hour strike late Friday and airport authorities anticipated disruption and delays on many flights.

On Tuesday, the nation will be without trains again when the locomotive engineers stage another 24-hour walkout.

The ambulance strike will leave London without emergency ambulance cover for the first time. First aid workers, volunteers and maybe troops will have to stand in and there will be only about 100 ambulances to cover all of London, Home Secretary Merlyn Rees told Parliament.

One militant driver said: "This time we are determined that the capital will take no

notice of what we are saying, and if it means lives lost, this is how it must be."

Rees' statement and the driver's declaration met with cries of "disgraceful," "shame," and "it's a total distortion of values," in the House of Commons.

In the truckers dispute, regional reports suggested that pickets were still not following union guidelines in all cases and were still blockading essential

goods, such as food. One union representing 20,000 truckers has said it will not obey the code limiting picketing.

The main truckers union has agreed to meet with management for talks Sunday arranged by the government, and if no solution is found the government may yet have to declare a state of emergency and call in troops next week.

Britain's entire export pro-

(Continued on back page)



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Solaim says

1978 imports from U.S. expected to exceed \$5b

RIYADH, Jan. 20 — Exports of United States goods and services to Saudi Arabia last year are expected to exceed \$5 billion when total figures have been received, Commerce Minister Dr. Solaiman A. Solaim told SPA Saturday.

Speaking on the eve of the visit of U.S. Commerce Secretary Juanita M. Kreps to Saudi Arabia next Friday, Dr. Solaim said that support for U.S. trade was in the Saudi interest, since the U.S. balance of payments was a major factor in the stability of the dollar — the unit of account for oil sales.



Secretary Kreps

"The United States is our principal trade partner," Dr. Solaim said, adding that he would discuss with Secretary Kreps "various ways to promote bilateral trade."

Dr. Solaim said that the commerce secretary's visit, which came at his invitation, coincided with President Carter's efforts to correct imbalances in the U.S. balance of payments "which concerns us too since our policy is one of support for the dollar."

A reduction in the U.S. trade deficit will contribute to the stabilization of the currency, he said.

But Dr. Solaim said that beyond general Saudi support for the dollar, there was no question of preferential treatment for U.S. goods or companies.

Baboons catch trucker napping

JEDDAH, Jan. 20 — A Saudi truck-driver carrying a load of imported bananas to the south, finding himself exhausted by the twisting road in the Taif mountains, pulled off the road to catch some sleep. "Ab-Biad" reported Saturday.

He woke up several hours later only to find his load devoured by hundreds of marauding baboons.

"Ours is a free market and any increase in import will depend solely on the price, quality and promptness of delivery of the goods," he said.

Restraint

Secretary Kreps said recently in Washington that her three-day visit would seek to promote American efforts to expand trade and "to emphasize the importance to the world economy of the maintenance of Saudi oil production and the exercise of restraint in future pricing."

She will also seek to "reaffirm our interest in a Middle East peace settlement."

Apart from Dr. Solaim, Mrs. Kreps will meet Crown Prince Fahd, Finance and National Economy Minister Sheikh Muhammad Aba Al-Khail, Industry and Electricity Minister Dr. Ghazi Alqosaibi, Foreign Minister Prince Saud Al-Faisal and Planning Minister Sheikh Hisham Nazer, she said.

She will also meet representatives of the 400 U.S. companies and 35,000 American citizens in Saudi Arabia.

Dacca aide here

Taiwan medical mission arrives for ministry talks

JEDDAH, Jan. 20 — A five-member Republic of China medical delegation arrived here Friday to hold talks with government officials on cooperation in health services, Taiwan's Central News Agency reported.

Led by Dr. Chang Chih-kang, deputy director general of the Chinese National Public Health Administration, the delegation consists of Dr. Li Chung-hsiang, deputy director of the Public Health Department of the Taipei City Government, Dr. Yang Sui-piao,

GEOGRAPHERS: Deputy Governor of Riyadh Prince Sultan opening Saturday the first conference and exhibition on Islamic geography at Imam Muhammad Ibn Saud University in Riyadh. Nearly 150 scholars are attending the conference which will discuss geographical problems of Muslim countries.

3rd in Kingdom

F-15s stage display over Khamis

KHAMIS MUSHAIT, Jan. 20 (SPA) — Deputy Governor of Asir Prince Faisal ibn Bandar ibn Abdul Aziz Saturday watched a demonstration by a squadron of U.S. F-15E strike aircraft at the air base south of here.

The demonstration was the third by the squadron, which arrived in the Kingdom last Monday. Monday afternoon

Crown Prince Fahd saw a similar demonstration in Riyadh and the aircraft were shown over Jeddah Thursday afternoon.

Saturday's demonstration was also watched by Squadron Leader Abdullah al-Haboud, commander of the Khamis Mushait air base and other officers of the Armed Forces and Royal Saudi Air Force.

Saudi Arabia last year agreed to purchase 60 of the aircraft with delivery scheduled to begin in 1982.

The aircraft are expected to cost \$2.5 billion.

Happy days for tanker owners

JEDDAH, Jan. 20 — Owners of truck tankers with water pumps had a field day during this week's rainy spell because of the unusually high demand for their services by owners of flooded houses. "Okaz" reported Saturday. At the peak of the floods Tuesday and Wednesday, a tanker owner took SR3,600 for pumping out a two-room house in Sahifa. But it took him three whole loads to do the job.

Labor ministers open Doha parley

DOHA, Jan. 20 (R) — Social Affairs and Labor Ministers of Gulf States, including the kingdom's Sheikh Ibrahim Al-Anqari opened a three-day conference here Saturday to discuss joint plans for social and labor welfare in the region, including the establishment of two regional centers, one for social research and training and the second for social welfare and labor planning.

Malaysia premier sees Dr. Yamani

KUALA LUMPUR, Jan. 20 (R) — Malaysian Prime Minister Datuk Hussein Onn discussed religious broadcasting Saturday with the visiting Saudi delegation led by Information Minister Dr. Muhammad Abdo Yamani.

Mansouri lets SR 105m road deals

RIYADH, Jan. 20 (SPA) — Two road contracts worth SR. 105.7 million were signed Saturday by Sheikh Hussein Mansouri, minister of communications. The first award, of SR. 99.9 million, covers completion of the 117-kilometer third stage of the Hanakia-Hail road. The second of SR. 5.8 million, covers constructing and asphaltting a 7-kilometer road from Rabegh to its desalination plant.

Muslim industry ministers to meet

ISLAMABAD, Jan. 20 (AP) — The industries ministers of 42 Islamic countries will meet here on Feb. 15 to discuss economic cooperation and joint ventures, the Pakistan government said Saturday. They will work out a program for co-operation in the industrial and technical fields, it said.

Tihama issues 2nd 'Who's Who'



Prince Saud bin Fahd

JEDDAH, Jan. 20 — A new edition of the reference book "Who's Who in Saudi Arabia" has gone into circulation, publishers Tihama Advertising, Public Relations and Marketing Research announced here Saturday.

The second edition contains 4,000 short biographies of prominent Saudis in the government, and business—an increase of 1,000 over the first edition last year. The new "Who's Who" carries additional information on aspects of the economic, social and cultural life of Saudi Arabia.

The second edition has a preface by Tihama Chairman Prince Saud bin Fahd.

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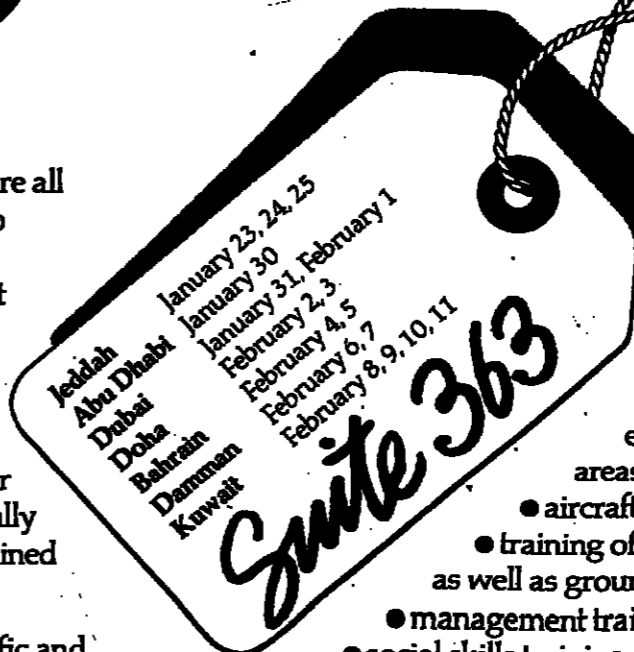
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John Smith

Student facing deportation

Iranian ruled no danger to U.S.

SAN ANTONIO, Texas Jan. 20 (UPI) — An immigration judge has ruled that Hussein Johandar, an Iranian student leader arrested in a crackdown on Iranian demonstrators, is not a threat to national security as the government claimed.

Defense lawyers charged that Johandar was arrested and held on a higher than usual bond as part of government "harassment" of Iranian protesters after the government failed to link Johandar to a violent protest at Beverly Hills, California, earlier this month.

Attorney general Griffin Bell announced that violence on the part of Iranians would not be tolerated in the United States, and the immigration and naturalization service has opened a "get tough" policy on student visas this week.

Immigration judge Arvid Boyes agreed with the defense.

after a two-hour hearing Friday that Johandar was not a threat to national security. But Boyes agreed with government attorney Pete Magaro that Johandar was "a bond risk" and set \$5,000 bail pending a hearing expected to take place early next month in which the government seeks to deport him.

The bond set Friday was a reduction from a \$40,000 bond.

imposed by the district director of the INS, but the Iranian's lawyers said he still could not raise the money to gain his release. The lawyers, who asked that Johandar be released on his personal recognizance, said they would appeal the bond ruling the Immigration Appeals Board in Washington next week.

Johandar, who led a student march to the Alamo last Wed-

nesday protesting the Shah's coming to the United States, said as he was being handcuffed and taken back to the Bexar County Jail that he would continue a three-day hunger strike until he is released from custody.

"I've just been washing my teeth and smoking cigarettes," said Johandar, 22. "I'm a little bit weak. I believe mostly they arrested me for my political beliefs."

"I'm like 100,000 other political prisoners," he said. "We will not give up until there is independence and democracy in Iran, until U.S. government and foreign domination of our country ends."

A Congressional report meanwhile said it would take two or three days to evacuate the remaining Americans from Iran and United States military forces would be required to secure airfields for the operation.

The document said, "the 10,000 to 12,000 Americans and as many as 15,000 Europeans may require U.S. evacuation assistance should their position in the country become untenable."

The State Department Friday confirmed such contingency plans have been made, but there was no need now to put them into action.



WOMEN IN UNIFORM: The Polisario Front trains women to help in its fight for independence from Morocco and Mauritania. It claimed Friday to have won a major battle in Western Sahara Wednesday.

Polisario claims killing 375 Moroccan soldiers

ALGIER, Jan. 20 (R) — The Algerian-backed Polisario Front has claimed 375 Moroccan troops killed in battle in the northern part of the disputed Western Sahara.

It was the heaviest single casualty claim ever made by the Polisario. A Polisario official said Friday the day-long battle on Wednesday took place at Lemsaiel, between the towns of Daura and Haggonia, northwest of the former capital of the territory, El Ayun. The Western Sahara was

ceded by Spain to Morocco and Mauritania in April 1976, but the Polisario Front, with support from Algeria, has been fighting a guerrilla war aimed at independence for the territory.

The official said that as well as killing 375 Moroccans, the Polisario forces wounded 191 including a major and captured a further 45. Two helicopters were shot down and large quantities of equipment and arms destroyed or captured, he said, quoting "Radio Free Sahara."

After White House conference

Jewish leaders say Carter shuns PLO

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20 (Agencies) — Jewish leaders who conferred with President Carter Friday quoted him as saying the United States had not changed its policy of refusing to recognize the Palestinian Liberation Organization (PLO).

The American Jewish Congress had asked Carter to disown pro-Arab statements made by his brother, Billy, and his U.N. Ambassador, Andrew

Young. The letters were released here Friday.

In one letter, Howard M. Squadron, president of the congress, wrote: "Like the rest of us, Mr. President, you cannot choose your relatives," he wrote. "But you can choose your policies — and we respectfully submit that you have an obligation to make those policies clear and unequivocal."

In another letter, Squadron objected to Young's describing PLO diplomats at the U.N. as a "moderating influence."

He termed that a "morally obtuse, ... foolish and damaging ... unilateral reversal of this country's established position with respect to the PLO" that could "hardly be reassuring to those countries in the Middle East who are being asked to take vital risks in reliance upon our country's continued support."

Water contamination kills 8 in Iran

TEHRAN, Jan. 20 (AP) — More than eight persons have died and 800 have been hospitalized on Iran's Caspian Sea coast after local water supplies were contaminated by an unidentified substance, sources said Saturday.

Police raid party office in Cairo

CAIRO, Jan. 20 (UPI) — Police raided the offices of a small left-wing political party at midnight Thursday and confiscated printing equipment after the party issued a statement condemning the Shah's visit to Egypt, a party spokesman said Friday.

Greek suspect arrested in Beirut

BEIRUT, Jan. 20 (UPI) — Police sources Friday said a Greek national was arrested at Beirut Airport while attempting to carry a rifle and munitions aboard a Middle East Airlines flight to Athens Thursday.

Djibouti complains of refugee flow

DJIBOUTI, Jan. 20 (R) — More than 10 per cent of the 250,000 people in this tiny Red Sea republic are refugees from neighboring countries, according to an official report. The report said that without further international aid the government would have no alternative but to close the country's borders.

U.S.-Turkey talks said successful

ANKARA, Jan. 20 (UPI) — Negotiators for the United States and Turkey Friday entered their second day of mutual defense talks "in complete agreement" over the framework for the talks, a spokesman said.

Radiation therapy controversy

Egypt investigates Pharaoh's fungus

CAIRO, Jan. 20 (R) — Egypt's Antiquities Department has set up a scientific committee to investigate a controversy over attempts to rid the 3,200-year-old mummy of Ramses the Second of fungus by treating it with radiation, the authoritative newspaper

"Al-Ahram" said Saturday. The controversy arose after the appearance of dark-colored spots on the glass of a new showcase in which the mummy has been kept since its return from France about two years ago after treatment there to eliminate the fungus.

The director of the Egyptian Center for Radioactive Research and Technology, Dr. Ahmad Rushdi said the amount of radiation to which the mummy was exposed failed to penetrate its showcase and had led to the appearance of cracks and dark spots.

He told the official Middle East News Agency that it should have been exposed to radiation without the showcase, and that the bacteria would reappear.

But Dr. Shawkat Nakhla, who accompanied the mummy to Paris in 1976 and attended its treatment, told "Al-Ahram" "there was no cause for concern. It was not true the mummy had been exposed to insufficient radiation, as the center's experts said, and the marks on the showcase had no effect on the mummy itself."

"Al-Ahram" did not say when the committee would start its work.

Arabs in Israel deliver ringings support of PLO

NAZARETH, Jan. 20 (R) — A meeting of Arab mayors and nationalists Saturday expressed support for the PLO, the Palestinian Liberation Organization (PLO).

It was thought to be the first time an assembly of local Arab leaders had come out openly in favor of the PLO.

The resolution was adopted by a meeting of the "National Council for the Defense of Arab Lands" and local council heads representing Arab villages and townships.

Most of those present were Communists or pro-Communists, but even those not connected with the party supported the resolution.

The meeting also criticized what it described as "crimes committed by Israel in the Occupied Territories" and called on the authorities to refrain from torture and collective punishment.

It expressed strong opposition to an Israeli proposal to establish a Ministry of Arab Affairs.

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	Thursday	25/1	Dammam	Tuesday	6/2
Abu Dhabi	Tuesday	30/1		Wednesday	7/2
Dubai	Wednesday	31/1		Thursday	8/2
	Thursday	1/2	Kuwait	Friday	9/2
Doha	Friday	2/2		Saturday	10/2
	Saturday	3/2		Sunday	11/2



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Documents, log seized

Police detain captain of Huey Fong

HONG KONG, Jan. 20 (AP) — Police Saturday took control of the refugee ship Huey Fong, which entered Hong Kong Friday after being stranded in international waters for four weeks.

They detained the captain and crew for questioning. James Alexander, director of marine, said they were being detained and questioned on the ship, packed with 3,383 Vietnamese, about the circum-

tances in which the ship sailed from Bangkok to Hong Kong. He said that the ship's documents and log were also seized by police, but declined to elaborate. Officials here have expres-

ed suspicion that the 2,290-ton freighter could have sailed from Bangkok to Vietnamese ports to pick up its passengers.

Captain Shu Wen-shin has maintained that the Huey Fong picked up the refugees from nine sinking fishing junks in the southern Taiwanese port of Kaohsiung.

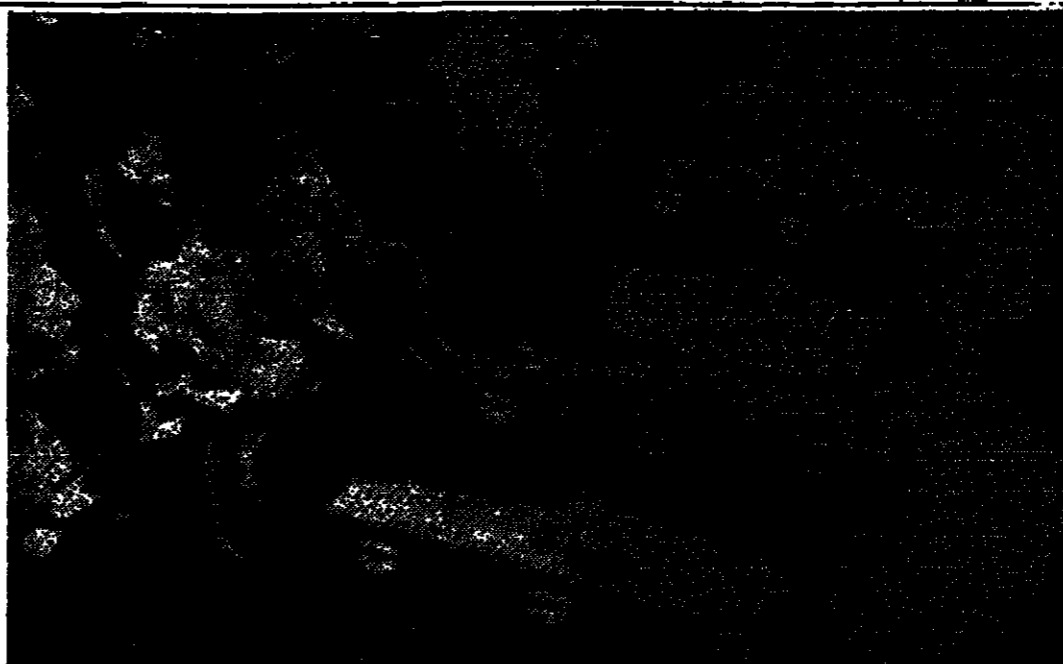
Lewis Davies, secretary of security, said refugees on the Huey Fong, after being processed, will also be questioned to determine whether organized syndicates were involved in smuggling Vietnamese refugees to southeast Asian countries.

He said there have been reports that ships loaded with Vietnamese are waiting near Hong Kong in an attempt to sneak into the colony, but they could not be substantiated. And tired but jubilant refugees slept in comfortable cots Saturday night after dining on a hot meal in an abandoned barracks, their first land home after two months at sea.

Bonn rounds up agents after E. German defects

KARLSRUHE, West Germany, Jan. 20 (AP) — A high-ranking East German security official has defected, and West German officials have already rounded up spies implicated in documents he brought with him, the Federal Prosecutor's Office in Karlsruhe said Saturday.

The East German defector, it said, identified only as a lieutenant colonel in the Ministry for State Security, came



FUNERAL: White Rhodesians weep for recent victims of the war. Friday night Prime Minister Ian Smith was heckled and shouted at while addressing a meeting by whites unhappy with fighting for eventual majority rule.

White Rhodesians heckle Smith

SALISBURY, Jan. 20 (R) — Prime Minister Ian Smith was given one of the most hostile receptions of his political career Friday night when he appealed to whites in Salisbury to vote "yes" to majority rule.

Throughout a two-hour meeting, he was jeered and heckled by a small group of people opposed to a handover of white power. About two-thirds of the 80 people in the audience also appeared unimpressed by Smith's arguments that whites had no choice but to yield.

"He's so bloody used to one — let's be bloody used to it all," said a group of young part-time soldiers in civilian clothes as they trooped from the hall at the end of the rowdy meeting during which they led the heckling. The prime minister was greeted by more boos than cheers when he strode into the hall. The scene was a stark contrast to the usual standing ovation by white Rhodesians who followed him into rebellion in 1965 — when their walkout was "good old Smith."

Cadmium in soil

U.K. village contaminated

LONDON, Jan. 20 (AP) — The government has launched an investigation of cadmium contamination in an English village, but the villagers scoffed at suggestions of danger.

Secretary of State for the Environment Denis Howell announced Friday that high

amounts of the poisonous metal are in the soil around the village of Shipman, built above the waste material of zinc mines closed 200 years ago.

Howell asked everyone in the village, about 25 kilometers southwest of Bristol in west England, to give blood and urine samples and to undergo a physical examination to determine if there are ill effects. A team of 10 scientists and doctors is expected to take six months to complete a study of the contamination.

Letters from the Department of Environment were hand delivered to villagers Friday night through the local health authority. They advised villagers of the problem and asked them not to eat home-grown produce and to cut down on smoking to reduce any risk to health.

Howell said the situation was "certainly a cause for concern, but it is certainly not, on our present advice, a cause for alarm."

But George Thiery, a 66-year-old farmer who chairs the parish council, scoffed at the warnings. "I have eaten my own produce all my life,

as did my father before me. I'm still healthy, and I plan to continue eating my vegetables. As far as I know, no one who grows vegetables in the village has ever suffered any unusual illness. We're a healthy lot," he said.

But Thiery said, "we are as anxious as anyone to find out what it is about, and also to allay any fears. We want to take this thing calmly and I would really hope this will not create a scare."

Somoza rejects proposal for referendum on rule

MANAGUA, Jan. 20 (R) — President Anastasio Somoza has rejected U.S.-sponsored proposals aimed at settling Nicaragua's political crisis, declaring that "those who want me to abandon the country will have to do it by force."

The longtime dictator referred Friday to a key proposal that he go into voluntary exile if he lost a referendum to de-

termine whether he should remain in office or resign.

He rejected as interference in the country's internal affairs the proposal by a three-nation mediation team last month for the internationally supervised vote.

The panel from the U.S., Guatemala and the Dominican Republic had set Friday as the deadline for it and the opposition's decision.

After 28 days

Ordeal over, refugees cheer

HONG KONG, Jan. 20 (R) — A slogan painted on the mast of old, rusty, red-fumelted Huey Fong still read "we shall persevere."

But for those on board the waiting in uncertainty on the high seas was over Saturday. Cheering refugees waved as a launch-load of reporters approached the vessel.

Two queues were forming on

the ship, one leading to the ferries where immigration officials were processing the refugees, the other to the little black "toilet boat" sent out by the government Saturday.

Grant posters written on clothes saying "we will not go to Taiwan" and "we would rather die here than go away" have been taken down since Friday, when the ship sailed into Hong

Kong after 28 days.

But the marks of the ordeal were still visible.

People were crammed in the on the cargo hatches or where lifeboats while others crouched ever they could find somewhere to sit.

Laundry was hanging out to dry in the winter sun. Some women carried children on their backs.

Opposite U.S. Embassy

Moscow 'microwave house' gutted

MOSCOW, Jan. 20 (R) — Fire swept through a nine-story apartment block just across Moscow's main Inner Ring Road from the American Embassy and hundreds of residents were evacuated early Saturday.

The blaze apparently began just before midnight on an upper floor of the granite-faced building, one of a number of prestige housing projects put up around the ring road during the 1930s and 1940s.

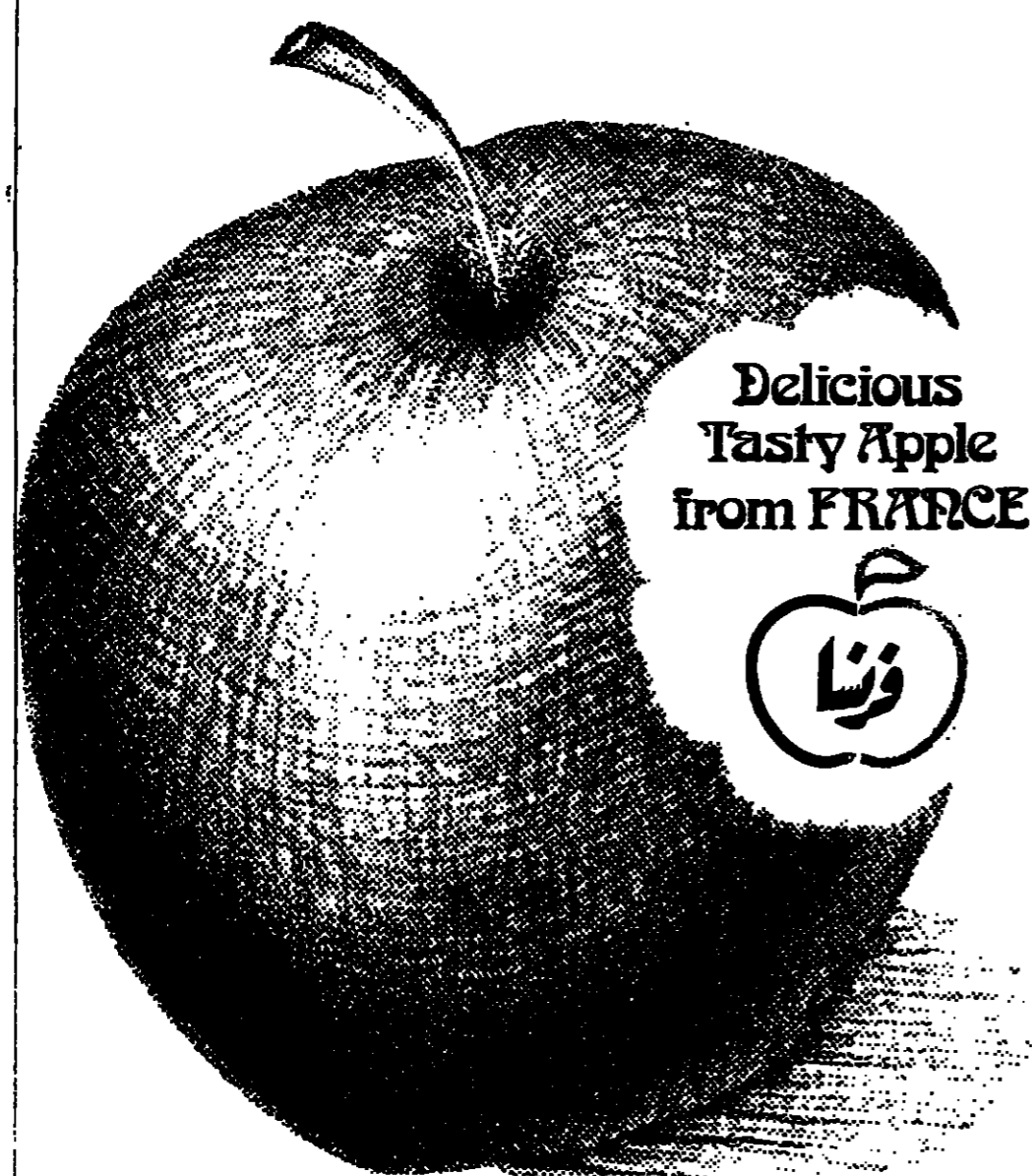
Ambulances were called in as firemen fought the leaping flames despite temperatures of around 15 below zero centigrade while police ordered foreigners on the street to leave the area.

Police refused to say whether there had been any casualties. They briefly detained one American reporter who took photographs of the blaze and tried to interview Russians watching it.

American officials are known to believe that some

of the radiation to which they say the embassy has been subjected in recent years originates from the roof of the facing building, which incorporates several shops on its ground floor.

American diplomats living in the mission watched the blaze from their windows, which are protected by metal mesh screens intended to minimize the effects of the radiation they believe is part of a Soviet eavesdropping effort.



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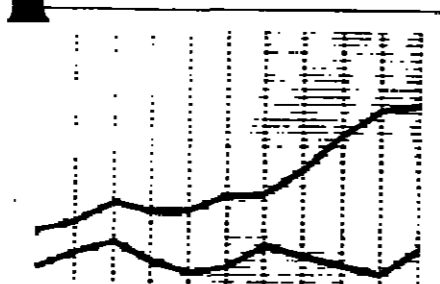
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To be released Monday

U.S. budget may exceed \$530 billion

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20 (R) — President Carter will present Americans on Monday with what he calls a very austere budget, which would increase military spending but cut social welfare funds.

Government sources predict that the budget, the largest of any country, would total more

than \$530 billion for the 1980 fiscal year starting next Oct. 1, the current year's total is \$493 billion.

"This is a very austere, tough, stringent budget but it is fair," the president said this week.

He is determined to balance the administration's budget by 1981. As a first step, he plans

to cut the current deficit from \$38 billion to about \$29 billion in 1980.

But under pressure from the Congress and military advisers, the president reluctantly decided he could not go back on a commitment to NATO allies to raise defense spending by around three per cent, after allowing for inflation,

government sources said.

Carter insisted that his budget, while dedicated to his fight against inflation, would not be vindictive.

He said it would include an increase of \$4.5 billion for America's poor.

"We have not neglected the needs of the disadvantaged Americans, the poor and those out of work," he said.

But he acknowledged in a television interview that he is bound to come under fire from both wings of his Democratic Party.

The Congressional Black Caucus said Saturday Carter's anti-inflation policies would increase unemployment and hurt poor families. The 17-member caucus urged Carter to adhere to the full employment act, signed into law last year, which sets a goal of limiting unemployment to four per cent by mid 1983.

Administration sources said the president is taking a gamble in aiming for a balanced budget in 1981.

Some experts have warned him that the prospects of a recession later this year, suggesting higher unemployment, could completely wreck his calculations.

In anticipation of such a move, administration officials are saying privately that the 1981 budget will be roughly in balance, thus allowing for a modest deficit.

The \$530 billion figure is about 7.5 per cent above the current year's budget and is designed to match the government's forecast that inflation during 1979 will rise by about the same amount.

Defenders of the budget say that although there would be some cuts in social programs, the budget of the main agency involved — the Department of Health, Education and Welfare — would still rise eight per cent to \$196 billion.

But liberal critics maintain this in effect would be a decrease, in view of soaring medical expenses in the United States. Costs for hospital care alone jumped over 12 per cent last year.

The United States has not had a budget surplus since 1969 — and that was only one in the past 19 years.



Emperor Bokassa I

Bokassa asks for calm after student riots

PARIS, Jan. 20 (AP) — Rioting University students wreaked havoc in Bangui, capital of the Central African Empire of Emperor Bokassa I, Friday night, following 48 hours of disorders, according to authoritative sources here Saturday.

Bokassa, in a Radio Bangui broadcast heard here, appealed for calm and announced a formal ban on all demonstrations and all street gatherings.

The radio, playing martial music, announced a curfew was being imposed from 6 p.m. to 6 a.m. local time 1700 to 0500 GMT.

The sources said the students ravaged the zone around the university, destroying two factories and many shops.

There was no immediate indication of what sparked the violence.

Parking dispute brings hail of bullets in U.S.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 20 (AP) — Police believe a 76-year-old gunman, enraged over a parking spot dispute, shot and killed himself after a frenzied burst of gunfire that left a neighbor dead and three others wounded.

"I think he probably shot himself," said San Francisco Police Investigator Mike McKinley after police heard what sounded like muffled gunshots late Friday.

After more than five hours

Fighting reported in countryside Cambodian resistance stiffens

BANGKOK, Jan. 20 (AP) — Vietnamese troops inside Cambodia, facing tough opposition to their month-long invasion, Saturday were reported attacking a remote outpost at a chief temple in the north and an island in the Gulf of Siam.

Military analysts in Bangkok also noted a build-up of forces of the toppled regime of Premier Pol Pot near the vital northwestern city of Battambang, previously captured by the Vietnamese in their rapid sweep across Cambodia.

Thai and Western analysts said a Vietnamese force was fighting on Kong Island, just off the coast of southwestern Cambodia and believed to be an important base of the toppled regime. The Vietnamese were also reported trying to dislodge an unknown number of Pol Pot troops on top of a 600-meter cliff on which ancient Cambodians built a series of lovely Buddhist temples, fresh Vihear shrines, astride the Thai frontier.

The analysts said the Vietnamese troops had apparently not left behind large security forces after capturing urban areas and that this has allowed the Pol Pot units to strike back with some success.

There have been indications that a large segment of the

population had rallied to the side of the Vietnamese who are fighting with some pro-Hanoi Cambodian troops.

Reliable Indochina analysts here also have the first reports of logistics problems and food shortages in the invasion force, estimated at up to 100,000 men, several hundred tanks, many warplanes and other modern weapons.

Sharp fighting was also confirmed by separate analysts at Takeo in the southeast, Sway Rieng on the border with Vietnam and in the remote north-

eastern provinces. They said Vietnamese forces have regained control of the deepwater port of Kompong Som but that the area around the southwestern city as well as the port of Kampot were still contested.

A pro-Hanoi provisional government has been set up in Pnom Penh, but does not appear to have many resources at its disposal after the Cambodian experience of war followed by repression by the Pol Pot government.

Brezhnev concludes Bulgaria visit

MOSCOW, Jan. 20 (R) — President Leonid Brezhnev returned to Moscow Friday after a five-day visit to Bulgaria and a brief stay at the Black Sea resort of Sochi. Tass news agency said. The report was the first public word of Brezhnev's whereabouts since he was reported to have returned Wednesday.

Neo-Nazis suspected in bombing

BONN, Jan. 20 (UPI) — Justice officials said Saturday they suspected neo-Nazis were responsible for blowing up two transmitting towers in an effort to prevent the telecasting of a German documentary on the Nazi mass murder of Jews.

West urged to deny Rhodesia recruits

DAR ES SALAAM, Jan. 20 (AP) — The Organization of African Unity (OAU) Friday appealed to Western countries which allow mercenaries to fight in Rhodesia to halt training and recruitment in their territories.

Soviet role against terrorism urged

MOSCOW, Jan. 20 (AP) — Visiting Spanish Foreign Minister Marcelino Oreja Aguirre has urged the Soviet Union to step up cooperation with other nations in the fight against terrorism. Oreja, whose country has been beset by political violence, voiced the appeal in a speech during a Kremlin luncheon Friday given in his honor by Soviet Foreign Minister Andrei Gromyko.

Ecuador claims foiling plot

QUITO, Jan. 20 (R) — Ecuador's military government has said it had discovered a plot aimed at preventing a return to civilian rule later this year. The interior ministry said Friday "certain sectors" were using the assassination of former presidential candidate Abdon Calderon as a means of thwarting the government's plans to hand over power to civilians in August following free elections in April.

Boiler blast kills 7 in Bombay

BOMBAY, Jan. 20 (AP) — Seven persons were killed and 27 injured when a boiler exploded Friday in a Bombay textile dyeing plant, the United News of India reported. Six of those injured were reported in critical condition.

But, officer...

NEW YORK, Jan. 20 (UPI) — "An invisible car came out of nowhere, struck my car and vanished."

That, says the Metropolitan Life Insurance Co., tops its list of most unusual reasons given for accidents by claimants under the company's auto insurance policies.

Among others received:

— "The other car collided with mine without warning me of its intention."

— "I had been driving my car for 40 years when I fell asleep at the wheel and had the accident."

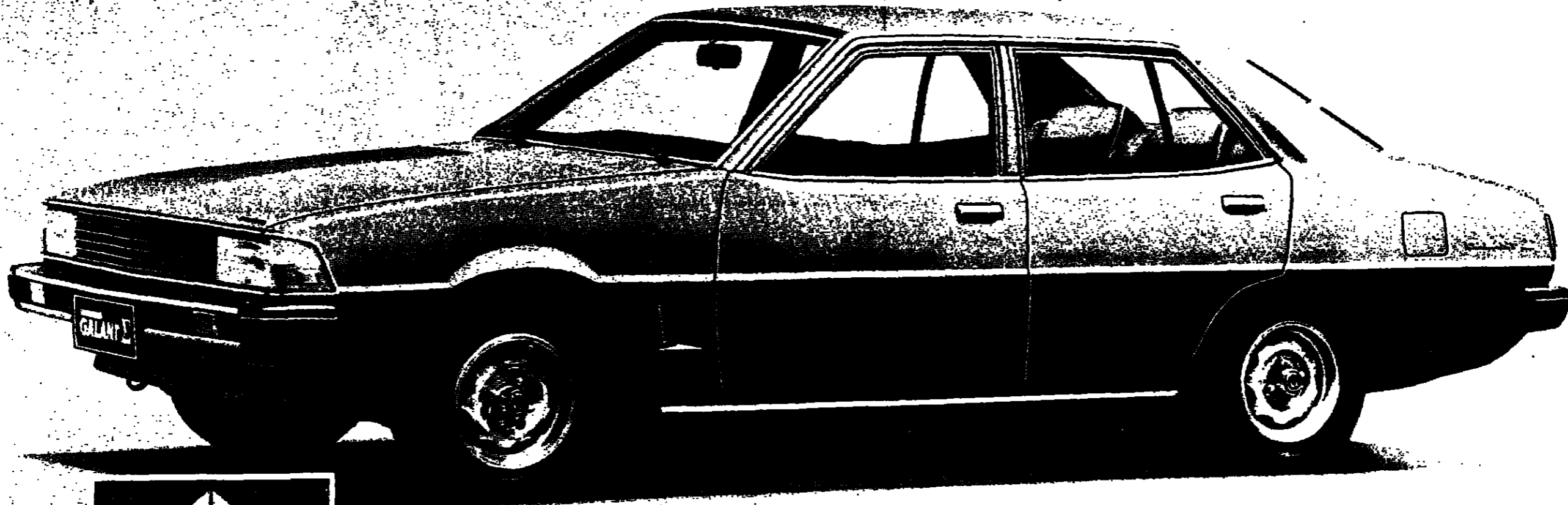
— "As I reached an intersection, a hedge sprang up obscuring my vision."

— "I pulled away from the side of the road, glanced at my mother-in-law and headed over the embankment."

— "The pedestrian had no idea which direction to go, so I ran over him."

— "The telephone pole was approaching fast. I attempted to swerve out of its path when it struck my front end."

— "The indirect cause of this accident was a little guy in a small car with a big mouth."



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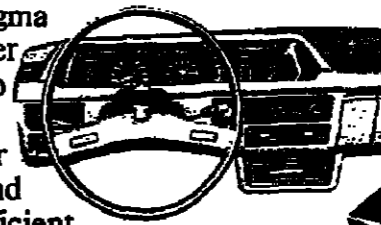
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STRATEGY CHANGES

The Israeli raid in south Lebanon came while the U.N. Security Council was discussing extending the mandate of the U.N. force in Lebanon with a Lebanese demand that the present force be changed from an observer or buffer force to fighting units. Israel clearly opposes any amendment of the U.N. Resolutions 425 and 426 to give Lebanon a role in protecting the south in accordance with the public wishes of neighboring Arab states who find Israel's presence and influence in the south a great danger to their own security.

But the raid does not appear to have gone according to plan. It was launched against a target that does not contain a sizeable Palestinian civilian or military presence, significantly by airborne troops. If the intention had been to simply destroy, the Israeli military command would have used long-range artillery or air strikes as it had often done successfully in the past. So it may be safely assumed that the Israelis had intended not just to destroy but also to stay. Their decision to withdraw could only mean that they met far more opposition than they had anticipated and decided that losses would outweigh potential gains. The Palestinians are saying that the Israelis lost and withdrew. This is true only in a narrow sense because the Israelis could have stayed if they wanted to. It would be very dangerous indeed to assume otherwise.

For the time being it is not clear if the latest raid is a prelude to a large-scale attack or if it is a separate incident—a reprisal against the recent commando attack. Before the raid all parties involved in south Lebanon were agreed that the Israelis would attack, but the reasons varied widely from one group to the other. Many people linked an imminent Israeli attack to persistent reports that Palestinians would be settled in south Lebanon as part of a Lebanese settlement or general peace in the region. Others thought conditions were ripe for Israel to achieve its old ambition of annexing south Lebanon, using the pretext of Palestinian armed presence in the area. Still others argued that Israel would attack south Lebanon to divert attention from the stalled Middle East peace talks or to exert pressure on Egypt and the U.S. An attack was also regarded as a veiled warning to Syria to stay out.

But if one leaves the Israeli factor for a moment to consider how the situation in south Lebanon affects Palestinian strategy, other possibilities arise. There are, at the moment, Palestinian groups that are not happy with the progress of the peace talks or with the types of pressures that the Palestine Liberation Organization is being subjected to. They fear that peace in the Middle East may be concluded at the expense of the Palestinians or that the PLO may be forced into alliances that go against the long-term interests of the Palestinian people. One way out would be to cause an explosion in south Lebanon that draws into it all the other parties, creating new conditions in the region and forcing strategy changes on all concerned.

Gandhi or Desai?

By Sunanda Datta-Ray

CALCUTTA — There is mounting speculation that last week's three by-election victories by Indira Gandhi's faction of the Congress Party might provoke Prime Minister Morarji Desai to dismiss Congress regimes in Andhra Pradesh and Karnataka (Mysore) states.

He can do so under a constitutional provision which allows New Delhi to take over at its discretion the administration of any state it chooses. Needless to say, the right is frequently used to get rid of troublesome regional satraps.

All three contests — two for Parliament and one for the local assembly — were in the southern state of Andhra Pradesh. Not only did the Gandhi Congress substantially increase its majority, but as a result of its gains, the Janata coalition, which holds shaky office in New Delhi, does not now boast a single Member of Parliament from the region.

Desai must find the defeat particularly galling because of his personal involvement in the campaign. For probably the first time in Indian politics, a prime minister himself stumped the hustings. He was accompanied by no less than seven other members of the Janata cabinet.

But in the main contest in Hyderabad's twin city of Secunderabad, Mrs. Gandhi's nominee widened the winning margin from less than 4,000 to nearly 20,000. Since Secunderabad is a largely Muslim-populated town, the victory is seen as an indictment of the Hindu

revivalist groups that dominate the Janata coalition and of a growing state of religious conflicts since Desai became prime minister.

To cap it all, the Andhra Pradesh chief minister made Mrs. Gandhi's expulsion from Parliament and seven-day imprisonment in December the principal campaign issue.

The former prime minister, who spent three days on a hectic tour of the state, may, therefore, feel justified now in interpreting the gains as a personal triumph.

But Mrs. Gandhi is too realistic a politician not to realize that no matter how impressive her successes might be in Andhra Pradesh, Karnataka and other southern states, she is no closer to the seat of national authority. To capture power in New Delhi, she will first have to prove her mettle in the Hindi-speaking belt of northern India.

For the moment, Mrs. Gandhi is concentrating on uniting her group with the official wing of the Congress Party. At the end of a recent 90-minute meeting with the Congress president, Sardar Swaran Singh, she tactically announced: "When everybody wants unity, we have to find a solution."

Both factions have agreed in principle to the merger, but they have not as yet agreed on the new leader. Singh feels that it would look like unconditional surrender if he did not remain the head of the reunited party, while Mrs. Gandhi has never taken kindly to any leadership save her own. —(OFNS)

ATTEMPTED PASS



Pakistan's labor rackets

By Barry Shalcheter

ISLAMABAD — The lure of well-paying jobs has brought thousands of uneducated but eager Pakistanis from the wheat fields of Punjab province to West Berlin police stations where they unwittingly claim political asylum and strain goodwill between Bonn and Islamabad.

"Most don't realize what the applications for asylum, prepared in advance for them, really mean," said a West German diplomat in the Pakistani capital.

"I can say that 99.5 per cent of political asylum cases involving Pakistanis have been rejected," he said. Some 2,862 Pakistanis have been sent home in jets chartered by the West German government.

The asylum racket, a variety of sources say can be extremely lucrative — but seldom for the men who left Punjab for a job in Germany. Many pay as much as \$2,500, a large sum here, to self-described recruiting agents.

The "agents" dispatch busloads of hopeful Punjabis to Turkey via Afghanistan and Iran. At Istanbul, they are put on trains which eventually bring them to East Berlin's Friedrichstrasse station. From there it's a short ride on the "S"bahn commuter train to Zoo station or another West Berlin stop.

How the Pakistanis pass through East Europe without visas stamped in their passports has stumped West Berlin officials. Their counterparts across the wall are not volunteering information and neither the

West German nor Pakistani government is asking, the sources said.

Their papers, often prepared by West German lawyers hired by Pakistani racketeers, say the bearer has been persecuted by Islamabad's martial law regime because of belonging to the political party of deposed prime minister Zulfikar Ali Bhutto, now facing a death sentence.

"They know nothing of politics," a West German official said. "When we translate the application letters for them, they're surprised."

Most return voluntarily, receiving a free flight to Karachi, or train fare home and pocket money. If they decide to press their petitions for asylum, the Pakistanis — with good lawyers — could spend as long as seven years exhausting the German court system. Officials in Bonn hope that a new law will reduce this to a maximum of two years.

Meanwhile, the state provides each with lodging, food, medical care and some spending money. All this costs the West German taxpayer roughly \$500 per asylum-seeker a month which is higher than a professional man's salary in Pakistan.

About 12,000 Pakistanis are now receiving this treatment in West Germany. Bonn recently reduced their cash allowances because many were sending them home, making their illegal status overly attractive to friends and relatives in Punjab.

"We are aware of its adverse effect on our image and aware that this problem has generated adverse publicity," a Pakistani official said, Islamabad, he said, is trying hard to suppress the racket.

Television talk shows here are examining the problem, the number of licensed recruiting agents are being reduced to permit easier supervision and Turkey has agreed to end a bilateral agreement with Pakistan permitting visaless travel for each other's citizens.

The lure of big pay abroad remains strong. In fiscal 1977-78, Pakistanis working overseas sent home \$1.3 billion twice the amount of the previous year.

"Jaalaz" or thugs are ready to exploit the naive but hard working men of Gujrat, Jhelum and other districts of Punjab, according to a licensed labor recruiter. A group of licensed recruiters visited Islamabad this week to demand a government crackdown on the illegal recruiters.

"We want them punished," he said, adding that the Jaalaz have begun diverting illegal immigrants to Saudi Arabia as Bonn gets tough.

A West German source said that the number of Pakistanis arriving illegally has decreased in recent months but believed it will start climbing again when warm weather returns to Germany.

Meanwhile, an angry Karachi resident, Aneel Mohammed Nawaz, opened fire this week at a recruiter who received a \$2,300 commission but never delivered a promised foreign job for Nawaz's son. The recruiter escaped unharmed but police have filed criminal charges against Nawaz. — (AP)

Iran's economic collapse

By Thomas W. Lippman

TEHRAN — The Iranian economy has gone from boom to bust in a year, and it seems to be a classic example of Murphy's Law—anything that could go wrong has, or is about to.

Long past the stage of contracting and adjusting to the new realities, the economy is now nearing total collapse. Oil exported weeks ago has continued to bring in revenue as tankers reach their destinations. But experts say the prolonged cutoff caused by the export strike in the oil fields will catch up with Iran by the end of January.

One expert predicted that already depleted foreign currency reserves, which before the trouble stood at about \$10 billion, would be halved within a few months.

Putting it mildly, the new minister of finance and economic affairs, Rostam Pirasteh, observed in an interview after four days in office that the situation "has eroded quite a bit." He said that "every day is a day too late" for arresting the decline.

Nobody is in danger of starving, but the entire country is struggling from day to day. A nation that the Shah envisioned as an industrial power on a par with France virtually ceased to function. Economic analysts here say that even if all striking workers return to their jobs tomorrow the recovery would be long, difficult and inevitably incomplete, obliging whatever government comes to power to scale down drastically the Shah's economic ambitions.

The strikes, particularly in the banks and the oil fields, are having a domino effect on commerce, industry and investment. In the latest examples, trucks are reported to be dumping billions of dollars worth of goods at the frontiers because striking customs workers refused to clear them into Iran, and ma-

nagers of the steel mill at Isfahan say they will soon have to close and lay off 60,000 workers because they cannot get any coal.

Striking workers in state-owned industries and government agencies have continued to draw their pay. The result, economic analysts say, is that the country is flooded with cash while consumer goods are scarce driving inflation up.

The government continues to grant salary increases in an effort to appease striking workers, but it cannot afford those already promised.

"They'll have to print money," an economic expert here said.

"With the Iranian Rial already going at more than 90 to the dollar on the black market instead of the official 70, it will be like the Weimar Republic around here," he said, referring to the economic collapse of pre-Hitlerian Germany.

A revival of the strikes and shutdowns is a picture of a calamity. The shutdown of oil exports has cut off the national lifeline, an estimated \$22 billion a year in oil earnings. Even that was not enough to meet the demand of the Shah's grandiose schemes, but now it is gone altogether, and there is no indication that the flow will resume anytime soon.

Railroads have been shut by striking workers who feared the army would use the trains to move supplies. The national airline is closed. Most of the 900,000 civil servants are striking. The postal service is closed. The customs strike and the crippling of the trucking industry by the fuel shortage have resulted in unsmooth log jams in some of the ports.

No taxes are being collected. An estimated 50,000 unprocessed foreign currency transactions have piled up in the central bank. The hotel, tourist and restaurant industries have been devastated. The closure of the banks has crippled private industry because no checks are being processed. The few industries still producing cannot transport their goods around the country.

The workers of the state tobacco monopolies have struck to protest the importation of cigarettes. The Peykan auto plant, which has been assembling 150,000 cars a year from British components, has closed.

The rapid exodus of foreign technicians has raised questions about how well Iran's major industrial projects will function once they resume operations. Bankers report international construction companies working on major projects have begun to invoke clauses giving them the right to suspend work because conditions have made it impossible to go ahead.

Foreign corporations with heavy investments in Iran—including Americans with investments at an estimated book value of more than \$700 million—are reportedly having trouble selling out and cutting their losses because there is nobody to buy their assets.

There will certainly be no return to those petroleum fueled dreams of grandeur. The issue facing Iran now is whether it can pay its debts and resume operating at a reduced scale.

So far, sources here say, international creditors have been patient because they understand that there is money to pay them that cannot be transferred until the banks resume functioning. When the oil revenues dry up in a few weeks, however, that may change.

Finance Minister Pirasteh said, "We will meet our obligations. But beyond that, the country is going to have to undergo a complete reevaluation of its economic priorities." — (WP)

Strengthening the IMF

By Robert Rowen

WASHINGTON — The Carter administration, in a major policy declaration, has warned the international community that to solve the problems of the dollar and the international monetary system, all nations "must be prepared to give up some of the freedom they have enjoyed to manage their domestic economies."

In a speech to an international audience in London, the administration's chief monetary technician, Treasury Undersecretary Anthony Solomon, said that the basic problem is better coordinated economic performance, in a world that has become interdependent.

He said "the time has come" for the International Monetary Fund to exercise its newly acquired and stronger powers for "surveillance," not only of exchange rates, but of its 138 member nations' domestic economic policies.

Solomon, chief architect of the Carter administration's Nov. 1 "dollar rescue" package, said that the United States is "encouraged" by the initial response to the program. He revealed that consultations with other countries in assessing exchange market developments had been greatly intensified.

He said that the United States is willing to consider

other steps, including larger future roles for other currencies and for the IMF's special reserve unit, Special Drawing Rights (SDRs).

But Solomon argued with emphasis that the fundamental and continuing problem, to which "there is no magic, overnight solution," is to "bring about a better balance in global economic relations."

He pointed out that part of today's problem of widely fluctuating currencies can be traced to the breaking down of barriers to trade and capital movements. This results in rapid changes in exchange rates — especially when inflation and growth rates in different countries move widely apart.

"We are all far more vulnerable now than in the past to developments abroad and to the operations of the international economic system," Solomon declared.

He singled out a much expanded role for the IMF as the major way of bringing national economic policies into greater harmony. A recent amendment to the IMF charter — a much publicized Article IV — gives the international agency new authority for "surveillance" to encourage better balance in international accounts.

Under these new powers, the IMF is entitled, at least in theory, to persuade strong as

well as weak nations to change their economic policies, if those policies are having an adverse effect on the international balance of payments. A country that ignored the IMF pressure could be denied the right to borrow from the agency.

In its annual report last year, the IMF said that while every member is obligated under Article IV to promote a stable system of exchange rates, "it is easier said than done." The assumption has been that in applying its surveillance powers, the IMF would have difficulty in dealing with a country that has a strong payments surplus or a politically powerful for some other reason.

IMF Managing Director Jacques de Larosiere said at the conclusion of the 1978 IMF annual meeting here that the new Article IV powers would give the IMF sweeping new influence in international economic affairs.

But as Solomon pointed out in his speech, "Progress in implementing the IMF's new surveillance role has been cautious and deliberate. This is understandable, given the very short time these powers have existed." De Larosiere had suggested that the IMF could effectively pressure nations to change policies that were leading to international imbalance, largely through its "moral authority." — (WP)

saudi press review

Commenting on Prince Saud's visit to West Germany "Al-Bilad" said: "The visit is not so much concerned with the promotion of bilateral relations as with the general situation in the region. This includes the Iranian crisis and its serious ramifications throughout the world, and the Middle East problem and Zionist attempts to inflame the region anew in preparation for a greater conflict."

"The government of the Kingdom is seeking a joint international effort to handle the crisis. Although we need our own forces to meet the exigencies of any situation, we believe that international cooperation is an effective means of positively influencing developments especially regarding an issue that calls for a decisive international endeavor."

"Consequently, it is expected that Prince Saud's visit will be the beginning of such an endeavor that seeks a comprehensive solution for these problems. And we are confident that these Saudi moves will bear fruit like previous moves which usually came at the right time in the service of Arab causes, security and international peace."

In an open letter to President Carter, the editor of "Okaz" reviewed American foreign policy and concluded that "dealing with the United States represents an international catastrophe."

The writer said the United States "has contributed to all the disasters on earth ever since it began its open door policy." He said that "it would be better for the world if the United States returned to its splendid

isolation since this is not only the wish of the Arab people but that of all nations that deal with the United States."

The writer reviewed American policy in various parts of the world and concluded that this policy "is one of selling and discarding friends and allies." He mentioned Vietnam, Nationalist China, Bangladesh, Afghanistan and other regions like the Horn of Africa, Somalia and South Arabia. The writer failed to find an explanation for American attitudes to events in Iran and the expected developments in Turkey since both of them were close allies and members of Cento.

"American abandonment of the Shah meant in effect sacrificing political legitimacy in Iran making way for either the Communists or the Shaites to inherit the regime, either of

whom have different designs for the region," the paper said.

"A political vacuum in the country which is difficult to fill has been created besides bringing the Soviet Union to the borders of the oil producing countries."

The writer said that Arab confidence in the United States has been shaken because "we realize that our friendship is transitory dictated by the prevailing circumstances which can turn into open hostility which makes us, regrettably, deal with you in the context of the prevailing game of nations."

On the Palestinian question and the occupied Arab lands, the writer said that Israel "has been free to do almost anything it wished under the auspices of the United States, and that since Eisenhower there has been no American president, including Carter, capable of reining in the Israelis in the Middle East. The United States has given Israel overwhelming

military superiority over the Arabs, and this has led to two developments:

— "The Arabs refuse to deal with Israel from a position of weakness;

— Israel, flushed with power, refuses to return the occupied lands."

"I could almost be sure," the writer said "that in your country you are toying with the destinies of peoples as part of your foreign policy."

Father: Do you know that today's meal costs the same as a dowry in the past? —OKAZ



Swordplay with an eye on the Olympics

By Edda Greene
DHAHRAN — Dorothy DeFore was 13 years old and living in Dhahran when she discovered the ancient sport of fencing. Today Dorothy is going on 17, lives and breathes the exciting skill, holds medals and titles and has set her sights on the Olympics of 1984.

The art of the sword is revered in the desert Bedouin tradition, and Dhahran itself is the home of the Saudi National Fencing team, as well as an ongoing program to teach young children the skill.

Dorothy, home in Dhahran recently to visit her parents, recounted how she came upon her absorbing avocation by accident. At the time, one of the University of Petroleum and Minerals coaches gave a popular series of outside lessons to children of faculty members. Dorothy's father, Jesse DeFore, is at UPM, but she herself was not enrolled in the classes.

"A friend of mine asked me to come and keep her company during her fencing lesson once and I thought she was a



Dorothy DeFore

bit daft to even be interested," Dorothy recalled. "I went that time and then continued to take the lessons. In a couple of weeks, I was hooked; my friend lost interest and dropped out of the class."

Since that time, Dorothy, who is now a student at Savanah Academy in Tennessee, has been fencing with the University of the South fencing club and has participated in a wide range of competitions. At present she holds the gold medal

as women's finalist of the Tennessee Unclassified open, and the Tennessee Division of the Junior Olympics. She plans to head north to Harvard University in February to participate in the National Junior Olympics.

Are the summer Olympic games in Moscow in the picture?

"I hope to go to Moscow in 1980, but only to observe," Dorothy replies. "If I get into a college with a good fencing program, then I would hope to make the Olympic fencing team for the next Olympic games, which would be in 1984."

In order to qualify for the Olympics, a fencer must have an "A" rating. Dorothy is only one major win away from a "C" rating and envisions a lot of work ahead before she can qualify. Ratings are attained by winning a certain number of major tournaments and some minor tournaments.

Although she manages to practice at least three times a week for two hours at a time, Dorothy maintains a

"grade-point average of 3.4 and has been on the Dean's List since entering Savanah Academy in 1976. "It is very hard," she says enthusiastically.

Last summer, Dorothy attended the Orsi Fencing Village in Montrose, Pennsylvania, for two weeks. Together with three other young enthusiasts, Dorothy ate, slept, and played with fencing in mind.

"We only actually had a 30-minute lesson a day, but during the rest of the time we studied and thought about the game. When we were just walking around, Mr. Orsi would lecture us about mental strategy," she recalls. "Even when we were cooking or washing the dishes, we would practice arm and body movements. We practiced to get that one small advantage over our opponents; we learned to look and think like champions."

Mental attitude is an important factor in any combat sport, and fencing is no exception. "The most important precepts Mr. Orsi taught were that you must think out ahead of

time how you are going to proceed, and know your opponent," Dorothy says.

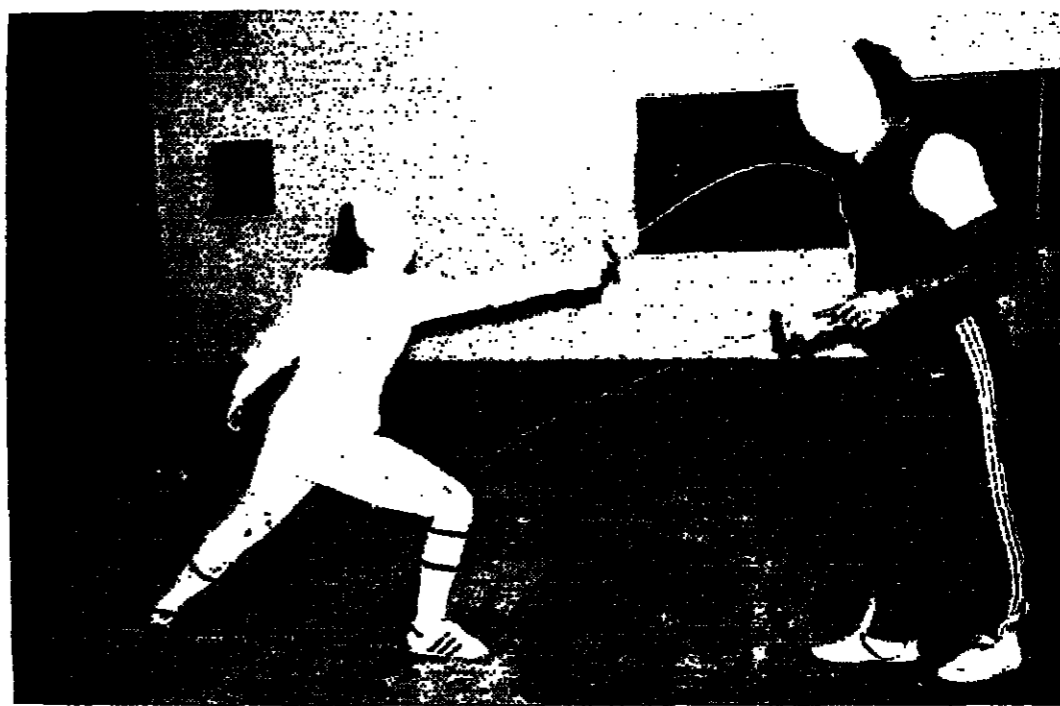
What is her style?

"I have fenced with people who stand back and wait for you to attack, and then try to counter and gain a point. I don't fence that way. I am very aggressive and I go for every point."

The University of the South has no fencing coach, which Dorothy considers her biggest need at present. Most of her experience has been gained by fencing in tournaments. When she is here in Saudi Arabia, vacationing with her parents, she takes advantage of the chance to practice almost daily with Doug Johnstone, fencing coach for UPM's fencing team.

"She needs sword work to increase her skill," says Johnstone. "The only way to get that is by working out with a coach and practicing specific moves and counter-moves."

Johnstone has been working with Dorothy for the last two years. He feels she has a good chance to make it to the Olympics if she can get the right



Dorothy practicing with UPM fencing coach Doug Johnstone

kind of coaching in college. Dorothy has specific ideas about her unusual sport.

"Fencing is an art more than a sport," she says. "You must

learn to control your body. Although you must be very physically fit, fencing does not require brute strength. It is a graceful and dramatic sport; as

fluid as dancing. You must learn to control your mind as well as your body, and once you do this, everything else just fits together."

BOOKSHELF

By Joseph McLellan
WASHINGTON — The role of the outsider, the solitary, the wanderer, comes naturally to Octavio Paz. Many of his 64 years have been spent outside his native Mexico, from the early 1920s, when he spent two years in the Mexican ghetto of Los Angeles ("My father was a political exile, and we didn't have much money") to the last seven years when he has been a visiting professor at Harvard.

You can feel this solitude in his poetry, which ranks among the finest being written today in the Spanish language, and you can hear it as he says, "Today, of course, we are all outsiders, all caught between two worlds. Everyone, not only the artists. I am not sure whether this is good or bad, but

it is certainly happening.

"Modern society is a collection of outsiders. Perhaps it is going to be good in the end, but now it is a great suffering."

Paz believes that the frequent uprooting of his life (he has lived, among other places, in Spain, India, England, Japan and France, where he met and married his wife, Marie) has helped to intensify his Mexican identity, and wherever he goes he brings a part of Mexico with him. "I am happy in New England," he muses; "I feel it is where the United States began. But I also feel like a stranger there."

He is intrigued by the differences between the southern land where he was born and the northern one where he has spent so much of his life. "In Mexico, we still worship an-

cestors; here, you hardly know them. You are looking for your roots, we are living in ours."

Standing between two cultures, he finds that they are moving closer together. The large and growing Hispanic population of the United States makes it the fifth-largest Spanish-speaking country in the world, and the big cities in Mexico are becoming rapidly Americanized. But there are still basic differences.

"The way we think about time, for example — this is changing. Mexicans used to look to the past as the golden age, while Americans thought it was somewhere in the future. Now, Americans are becoming less optimistic of the future, and this is good. You will find that you can recapture many things that you have lost with your religion of the future."

Looking at the strange giant

to the north, Mexican intellectuals in the past have been inclined to turn their eyes away, but now Paz sees a change in this attitude. "On the popular level, of course, the influence of the United States has been enormous for a long time, but the intellectual class has been more inclined to look to Europe. Now, American influence is also being felt in the upper levels of society, and here, too, there is a new willingness to understand Mexico."

"In the past, all the great civilizations have been a product of cross-breeding. In a union of our cultures, there may be the possibility of another great civilization."

"You still talk about Latin America," sometimes, as though it were one entity — as it is in some ways; but there is an enormous difference between Mexico and, for instance, Argentina, and this is beginning

to be understood."

The poet, the solitary, is only one side of Octavio Paz. The other side — public man, teacher, diplomat — took the spotlight one recent night when he gave a lecture at the Organization of American States to open the six-week "Mexico Today" symposium in Washington, in discussions, music and dance performances, art exhibits, film festivals, lectures and other special events.

The poetry which has won him international awards has been paralleled in his writing by prose — analytic, philosophical, polemic — which has made him a spokesman for his countrymen with a large international audience.

His latest prose venture is the editorship of a monthly magazine, "Vuelta," devoted to literature and politics. "We needed money to get started," he recalls, "so we bought a painting

from Tamayo — cheaply; he was very generous — and we held a lottery for the painting and that gave us enough to begin. We are about to celebrate our second year — 24 issues — and we have a circulation of 8,000 copies in Mexico, which is enormous for a literary magazine."

The magazine also circulates in Spain and throughout Latin America ("but not in Chile; that's different"), and he finds its international success both encouraging and frustrating. "We enjoy being widely read, and we have this feeling of belonging to a common language, a common culture, with other Spanish-speaking nations. But sometimes we have trouble getting the money out of some countries. I cannot help thinking how foolish it is to put these political and economic barriers between people of the same culture." — (WF)

Luxembourg the rich

By Margaret Gordy
LUXEMBOURG — The motto of Luxembourg is: "We want to stay what we are."

What they are, is rich. At first glance Luxembourg seems like a candidate for crisis. It has only one major industry in an ailing sector: steel. It must import all its minerals and most of its food and manufactured goods.

Despite such drawbacks, Luxembourg enjoys a balance-of-payments surplus, one of the highest per capita incomes in Europe and little unemployment.

"Luxembourgers have turned all the economic probabilities upside down, and they are laughing all the way to the bank," a foreign businessman said.

The banks are more than a source of laughter. By running easy-going banking commissions and abolishing capital gains tax, inheritance tax and large reserve requirements, Luxembourg has converted itself from a romantic tourist

attraction into a financial center rivaling Switzerland.

"Banks are like schools of fish," the businessman said. "One followed another after they discovered foreign banks get better treatment here than in Switzerland, where Swiss banks get first crack at the best investment deals."

As a result, 98 banks have branches here, including the Bank of China, which chose Luxembourg for its first overseas expansion since World War II.

Stability is another factor in Luxembourg's economic success, according to a U.S. diplomat. Although almost 25 per cent of the population of 375,000 is foreign, "there are no racial, religious, social or labor problems," he said.

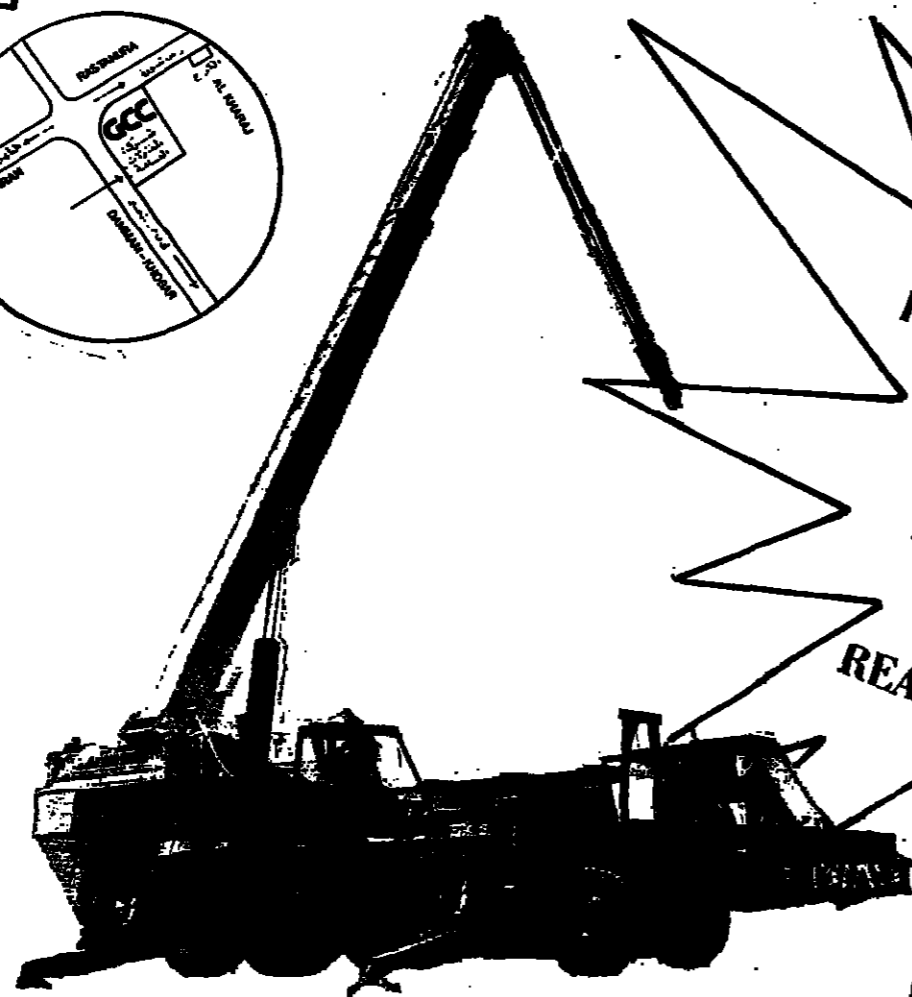
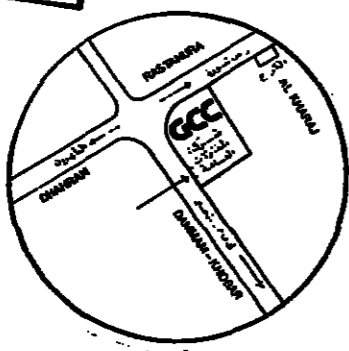
Many jobs are virtually guaranteed for life by a tripartite commission of government, management and labor unions.

The nation has the highest wages in Europe — 30 per cent higher than France and 50 per cent higher than Italy. — (UPI)

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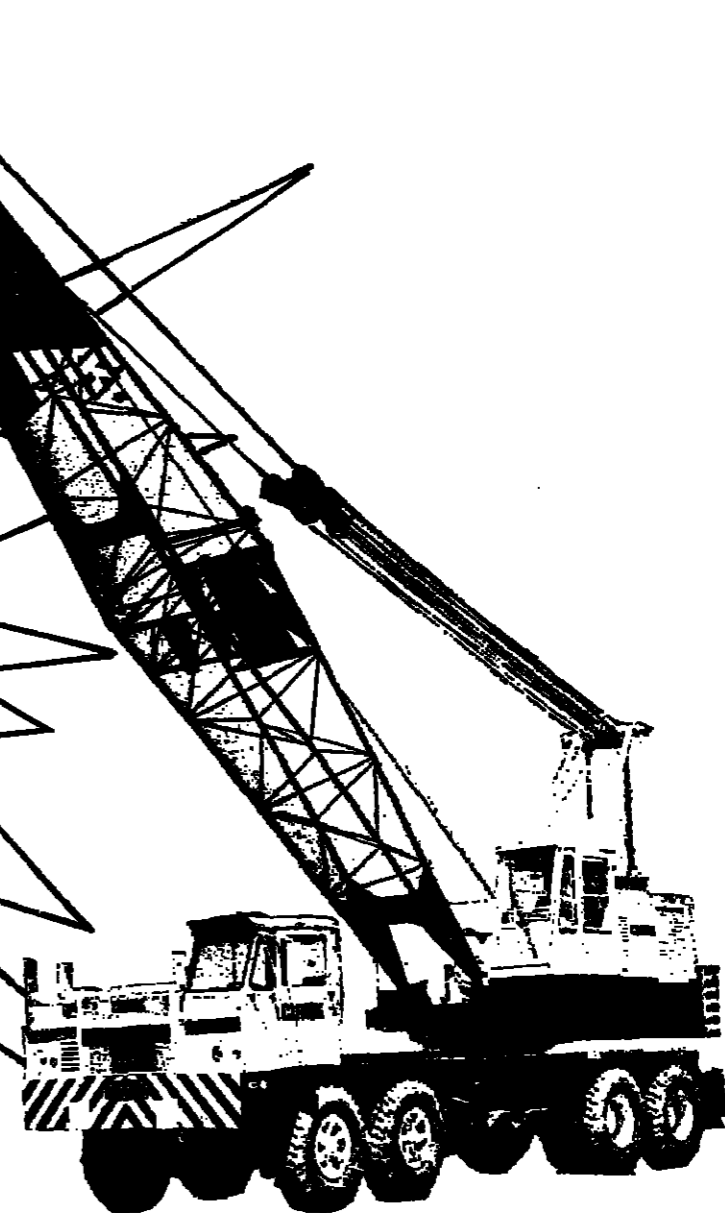
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Egypt's 40 million

Too many mouths,
too little land

By Shyam Bhatia

CAIRO — Strangers seeking to understand Egypt are well advised to travel either by road or rail from Cairo to Aswan, say 20th-century Egypt-watchers. For it is only by undertaking such a journey that they will appreciate the extent to which Egypt depends for its sustenance upon that narrow stretch of land, the Nile valley, often no more than 30 kilometers wide, which for centuries has been the country's lifeline.

If the Egyptian population remained at its Pharaonic levels, the narrow Nile valley and its broader delta, north of Cairo, would have more than enough resources to grow food both for domestic needs and also for export. But with more than a million mouths being added every year to the current population of 40 million, even the fertile Nile valley cannot grow enough food to meet the needs of its own people.

We could be self-sufficient in food, say experts at the Ministry of Agriculture in Cairo. But they add, it would mean giving up all the land presently devoted to growing cotton.

Cotton is a hard currency earner and plays a vital role in financing Egypt's development effort. Some 1.3 million acres, or 21 percent of all the agricultural land in the country, is specially reserved for growing cotton.

The main staple in Egypt is wheat and, given the twin demands of food and hard currency, the government's strategy has been to import whatever extra wheat it requires without reducing the cotton acreage too much.

Such a strategy made sense as long as food imports were kept at reasonable levels. But, last year, the amount of imported wheat alone was in excess of 4.5 million tons, or more than 60 percent of total consumption.

According to Jim Roes, agricultural attaché at the United States Embassy in Cairo, 3.5 million tons of wheat were imported from America, one million tons from Australia and smaller quantities from Canada and Brazil.

Egypt is also a small exporter of food, chiefly of rice and oranges to other Arab

countries. Nevertheless, if the country is to avoid almost wholesale dependence in the future on foreign sources for its main staple requirements, its present agricultural strategy will have to be streamlined.

The range of available options are a drastic curbing of population growth, eliminating all the land under cotton cultivation and turning it over to wheat, reclaiming new land, and relying on high-yielding food grains that have transformed the agricultural output of, for example, for Punjab region in northern India.

Local economists say the first two options are unacceptable and President Anwar Sadat's scope for maneuver is limited to exploring the promise of the last two possibilities. From what Sadat has so far said, it does indeed seem that the last two options are being seriously studied by the government.

When Sadat speaks of a green revolution transforming the agricultural map of Egypt, his hopes are centered on the reclamation of at least one-half million acres by the end of the century. Some of the anticipated reclamation is based on the prospects of developing an area of the western desert, which sits on top of a vast reservoir of underground water.

Says economist Dr. Muhammad Sharaf, Director of Economic Research at the Ministry of Agriculture, "All this is separate from at least another 1.7 million acres of fallow land which can be brought under cultivation again." Such land, located mostly in the delta region, has been allowed to go out of use because of high salinity in the soil.

As land is reclaimed, however, much of it winds up diverted into urban uses rather than new farms.

Arguments against land reclamation are that it is costly, up to \$2,800 per acre, including the development of schools, hospitals and roads. Moreover, as Western agronomists have pointed out in the past, land reclamation by itself is not enough unless it is followed up by solid capital investment to maintain soil fertility and good drainage facilities. — (OFNS)

By Amel Wallach

NEW YORK — America is in the grip of a Tut hysteria, that John Travolta could envy. It could be called Tutmania, but that's only one name for it. There's also Tut Glut and Mummy Madness, Egyptian Fever and even the Pharaoh Faucet.

Whatever it is called, the great obsession over King Tutankhamun has reached the end-most rock. There can't be a child in America who hasn't heard of King Tut by now — and many of them probably wear a "Love My Mummy" T-shirt.

What has turned on Americans of all ages to the boy king is, of course, the enormously successful Treasures of Tutankhamun exhibit. After touring the United States for two years, it opens this month in New York at the Metropolitan Museum of Art for a run that will extend into mid-April.

The big show made its debut Nov. 15, 1976, at the National Gallery in Washington, D.C. It was an instant hit — there were two-hour waits to get in during the first week. By the time it was all over, 832,853 persons had seen the show in the nation's capital, and a great many of them had had to wait in line as long as 12 hours to view the exhibit of 55 treasures from the tomb of the long-dead pharaoh.

Tutmania was born. As the exhibit made its triumphal way back and forth across the country, the story was repeated in city after city. People camped out, waited patiently, got mad, finally got in. In Chicago, 1,349,724 persons saw the show. In New Orleans, the total was 870,855. In Los Angeles, 1,250,620. By the middle of the exhibit's run in Seattle, 799,318 visitors had already filed past the golden objects.

Merchandise, retailers, hotelkeepers, restaurant owners and museums in cities that have received a King Tut visitation weren't finding the phenomenon boring at all.

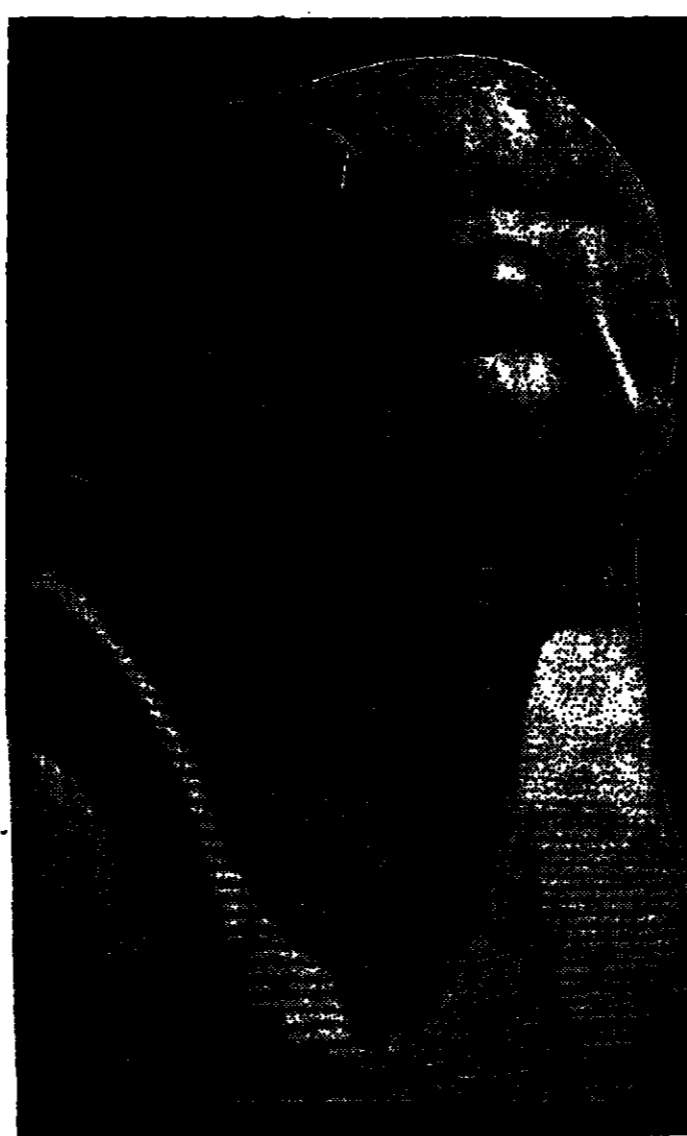
After it was all over there, the city of Chicago estimated the show had brought \$30 million in business to its hotels and restaurants, which had been looking forward to a dreary summer. New Orleans estimated the tourism figure at more than \$80 million for 700,000 tourists. The exhibit ended with a jazz funeral, on a street painted Nile blue for the occasion, that saw the young king off to the promised land of Los Angeles. Seattle was projecting \$60 million in tourism business. And New York financial experts expect King Tut to bring in about \$65 million for the city.

So alluring is the gold at the end of the Tutbow, that San Francisco decided it would like the boy king to bring his money-making treasures to their city, too. So they dispatched a group of citizens to Cairo where, for \$100,000, the Egyptian government agreed to tack San Francisco onto the tour after New York. Miami tried for the same, but by then Tut's tour had been planned for three Canadian cities and Europe, and there simply was no way to fit Miami into the itinerary.

Hotels and restaurants along the way did everything they could to cash in on the Tut-treat. There were bottles with the king's name in hieroglyphics on the label, and pharaoh's fish on the menu. The Washington Plaza hotel in Seattle offered a special \$39 feast for dining like the pharaohs of the Nile.

At New Orleans' Pontchartrain hotel, one of the most fashionable in the city, two cleaning women wondered out loud why, if King Tut was such a hot shot, he couldn't stay at the Pontchartrain like everyone else important. In fact, the boy king is not alone for his star-studded U.S. tour. The mummy and the golden sarcophagus reside in the Valley of the Kings in Egypt, where they have lain for the past 3,200 years.

In New Orleans, the museum — to its lasting embarrassment — named the toilets Tutlets and volunteers began referring



to the ladies room as the mummies room.

In Tut cities, everything sprouted hieroglyphics, it seemed, from napkins to T-shirts, to your name in hieroglyphics, suitable for framing.

Shops were full of Tut-abilia, from the brazen to the absurd. There was a Tut music box that played "King of the Road," Tut swizzle sticks, Tut lamps, Tut ashtrays.

At Yogiboh's in Seattle, a woman was carrying a stuffed monkey wearing a gold cardboard King Tut head dress. He would be talking, except he's only fluent in Egyptian, she said, then added he was for display in a shop window.

There were Tut tacos. Tut lamps. Tut sheets and pillowcases. Tut wallpaper. Tut frisbees. In New York, Lord and Taylor department stores advertised Nile-inspired toaster covers, and Bloomingdale's put a whole line of linens with an Egyptian theme. True Earth cosmetics reintroduced "Kohl, eye makeup of the ancients," with which the Egyptians circled their eyes to cut down the glare from the sun. One company offered a 23-karat gold-finished decanter of the gold mask, and I. Magnin promoted an ostrich egg hand-painted with an Egyptian head, at \$175.

Tutle shoppers moved with the exhibit like camp followers, if they could. One that stayed in Los Angeles put on a last 10 days closeout sale that lasted well into the fall.

The Egyptian influence may seem to have reached bizarre heights in recent months, but it is far from new.

After Napoleon and a shipload of scholars landed in Egypt at the end of the 18th century, Europe went Egyptian. The Empire style in French furniture, with its rich woods and brass and polished stone, was inspired by Egypt. There are Egyptian motifs in England's Regency style. After Howard Carter discovered the tomb of Tutankhamun in 1922, the whole world went crazy over things Egyptian. Ancient Egypt's disciplined geometry found its way into art deco they have lain for the past furniture and decoration in the 1930s. There were pyramid bookcases, Egyptian clocks, and even the Barcelona chair was based on an Egyptian motif. Movies with more or less Egyptian themes, from Boris Karloff in "The Mummy" (1932) to "Abbott and Costello Meet the Mummy" (1954), filled movie theaters, which, of course, also sprouted Egyptian decor.

The Egyptian government stands to make a great deal of money from the exhibit, which will go toward the renovation of the Cairo Museum and upkeep of antiquities. When a much smaller show of Tut treasures toured 15 American cities from 1961-63, and larger shows went to Japan in 1965, France in 1967, England in 1972, and

the Soviet Union in 1974, profits from admissions went to Egypt's archeological program. Since tickets to the current show are free (visitors pay only booking charges and usual museum entrance fees), it was agreed that Egypt would receive profits from sales of printed materials and reproductions.

That was fine with the Metropolitan, the museum that organized the Tut tour and which had pioneered the museum reproduction business about a decade ago. A team was sent to Cairo, and molds of the treasures were made. Three hundred official repro-

ductions that travel with the exhibit of 55 antiquities are on sale at special museum shops. Viewers are force-fed into museum shops through a door that serves as the exit from the show. They spend on the average of \$2 to \$2.50 each there, for everything from a \$1.50 hieroglyph mobile to a \$1,500 golden reproduction of the spectacular statue of Sektet.

Actually, so many people wanted Sektet — including former Secretary of State Henry Kissinger and Egyptian President Anwar Sadat — that orders have temporarily been stopped while production catches up.

By the time the exhibit closed in Los Angeles in June, sales of museum material totaled \$12.4 million, and the Egyptians had profited on the books by \$3.9 million. However, they only received two checks totaling \$2.7 million, and are reportedly unhappy. They are arranging an audit of the Metropolitan's books, but the Metropolitan said the trouble was in the definition of net profits and that the Egyptians would eventually receive 20 to 25 percent of gross sales.

Some of that money will come from licensing arrangements with organizations like Boehm porcelain, which has put out a line of Tutankhamun pieces. By June 30, Boehm had already paid \$327,000 in licensing royalties, which means well over \$3 million in sales.

But most of the Tut merchandise around is in no way connected with either the Metropolitan or the Egyptian government, although the manufacturers might have taken their cue from them. The king has been dead too long to get royalties, and all a manufacturer has to do is alter one elbow to make a reproduction into "something inspired by." It is difficult to say how all that extracurricular merchandise (including \$4,000 ruby necklaces) is doing. In Seattle, at least, business appeared to be brisk in stores around the city. But Al Radin, senior jewelry buyer for Sears, Roebuck and Co., said, "We found our Tutankhamun line does not sell

well in retail stores. People seem to be willing to pay higher prices for similar things in museum stores, but ours haven't moved."

Museums along the route had to contend with an onslaught of people who had never been in museums before and who strained the facilities. But when all the hectic activity was over, the museums found they had profited by King Tut's reign.

For a time there were rumors that the Field Museum in Chicago had actually lost money building bathrooms and doing some renovation for the occasion. Now it appears the museum broke even monetarily, and did well in gaining new membership. In each of the museums hosting the Tut exhibit, membership skyrocketed. The Field Museum's membership rose from 30,000 to 70,000 as a result of the show, and well over 27 percent of those new members had never been there before learned about the museum and its new collections, and museum personnel find now that when they go to corporations for support, the corporations all want to talk about Tut, then listen to what the museum has to say.

New Orleans museum membership rose from 3,000 to 20,000 and now has settled in at 8,000. The museum estimates it made \$798,088 in profits as a result of the show. And, because it was able to handle that exhibit, the museum is now a stop for other international blockbusters like Peruvian gold. In Los Angeles, membership soared from 33,000 to 63,000, but it is too early to say how many will renew. But a spokesman noticed that when "Treasures of Mexico" opened later in the summer after Tut had gone, people came in droves to the membership opening. Unlike the other museums that housed the exhibit, the Los Angeles museum had issued Tut tickets at the very beginning of the run instead of all during the show. All the tickets were snapped up in just few days and there was a brisk scalpers business later on, with some tickets selling for as much as \$45 each.

Having had some time to learn from the mistakes of other cities, Seattle took a more considered approach. The exhibit was held at the 18,000-square-foot Flag Pavilion in the Seattle Center, on the old World's Fair grounds, instead of in the smaller, less accessible art museum. Tickets were made available each morning, and people wandered about the fair grounds while they waited to get in.

The Seattle Art Museum has big plans for its membership, which has risen from 6,000 to 25,000 as a result of the show. "Our goal is to hold on to 70 percent of those new members," said museum director Willis Woods. "If we have a program worth its salt, we ought to be able to maintain seven-tenths of 1 percent of the metropolitan population as members. For the Seattle Art Museum, the Tut exhibit was a chance to reach out to the community," Woods said. "This has been a very quiet museum for many years."

The new visibility is being used by the museum as one way of consolidating support for a move it expects to make downtown, right across from the monorail, which whisk people out of the Seattle center in 90 seconds. Last summer, the monorail ferried people out to the \$75-a-year "Tut Strut," which opened the Tut show for members.

There, many wore Tut-look regalia that would be repeated — and topped — in New York in the fall when an organization called Tut Production held a costume disco with an admission fee of \$20.

The Tut exhibit seems to inspire bizarre costumes and unusual behavior. In Los Angeles, a woman in a gold lame dress and multicolored feather headdress said she was Tut's mother incarnate, and a man in a chicken costume passed out T-shirts publicizing an FM radio station to people standing in line to see the show. Someone built a special \$10,000 custom Tutmobile. And school children would ask to borrow King Tut's golden mask for a Masquerade party. — (Newsday)

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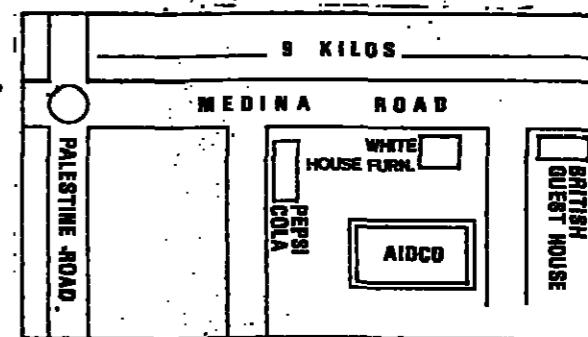
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Only top game played

Leeds defeats Spurs, 2-1

LONDON, Jan. 20 (R) — Leeds, the only one of the top eight English First Division clubs whose match Saturday escaped the midwinter freeze, notched a 2-1 win at Tottenham and so strengthened its hold on fifth place.

Scott Arthur Graham laid on both goals — first a header for Paul Hart and, midway through the second half, a close-range shot by Ray Hanlin.

The success justified Leeds' bold decision to rest three internationals — Trevor Cherry, Paul Madeley and Eddid Gray — so that it will be fresh for the midweek League Cup semifinal first leg match against Southampton.

With West Bromwich and its pursuers again out of action, interest shifted the bottom of the table where Chelsea, away to Manchester City, won 3-2 and signalled that the fight against relegation is far from over.

Chelsea, returning to the City where the neighboring United had bounced it out of the F.A. Cup a few days earlier, was behind after eight minutes, equalized briefly, then trailed again when City substitute now Fletcher scored within four minutes being sent on towards the end of the first half.

Nobody was prepared for the late turn-up when Peter Osgood equalized and three minutes later Clive Walker matched the winner — the first match Chelsea has won since Northern Irish team boss Danny Blanchflower took over as manager.

City is just as keen to win a League match — a pleasure denied them since mid-October, though the slump has not infected its form in the F.A. and UEFA Cups.

Chelsea moves within two points of Wolverhampton which flopped, 3-1, at Ipswich, England's other UEFA Cup quarter-finalist.

But for either club to escape the drop to Division two it must track someone else beneath them over the second half of the season. The two immediate "candidates", Queen's Park Rangers and Middlesbrough, drew 1-1 in London Saturday.

By contrast, the Division Two pacemakers all figured in the 17 League matches in

England which survived. With only a goalless draw with its London neighbor bottom-placed Millwall, Crystal Palace loosened its hold on the lead. Stoke shared two goals at Brighton and remains with Palace on 31 points. West Rovers and has a match in hand. If won that could catapult West Ham to joint leadership.

Bryan ("Pop") Robson scored the West Ham goal — his 20th of the season, keeping him ahead of all other Second Division marksmen.

Third Division leader Watford, perhaps weary after its midweek League cup exertions, let slip a 3-0 lead against Bury in the final 28 minutes. Earlier two Luton Blissett goals had taken his tally to 22 and when Ross Jenkins made it 3-0 it was his 28th goal of the season, an unchallenged top scorer in any division.

In Scotland, which has suffered more from unplayable pitches over the past few weeks, four Premier Division matches were completed.

Dundee United went down 2-1 to St. Mirren but the only club which theoretically could have knocked them off the top, Patrick, were frustrated. Its match with Celtic was frozen off.

The immediate challenge to Dundee is mounted by Rangers who won 2-0 at Morton and stands only one point behind.

Connor's beats Smith

BIRMINGHAM, Alabama, Jan. 20 (AP) — Top-ranked Jimmy Connors defeated Stan Smith 6-4, 6-1 Friday to move into semifinals in the \$175,000 Birmingham International indoor tennis tournament. Connors, saying he was "playing well," has apparently overcome a blistered ankle that forced him to default last week in the Grand Prix Masters.

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DALLAS DORSETT: Scores Super Bowl XII first TD with a 2-yard run

Super Bowl XIII to crown 1st triple victor

MIAMI, Jan. 20 (AP) — After a million dollars in promotion and a million words of newspaper, after the bragadocio and silent smiles, after pressure-point workouts and bar-hopping nights, it all comes down to one thing Sunday.

Who can play better football? The Pittsburgh Steelers and Dallas Cowboys will be vying to become the first three-time winner of the Super Bowl, an event that transcends mere football. It is the American equivalent of the World Cup, except that it comes once a year — the biggest, if not the oldest, established permanent floating crap game in the world.

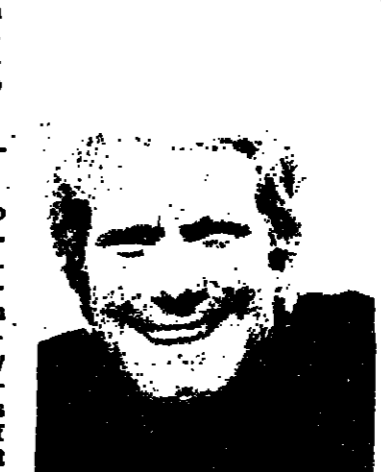
Millions of dollars will change hands Sunday night and thereafter, when the final score of this National Football League championship game is measured against the "spread," that critical number on which the world's chances are taken. The number rose from three to four during the week, Pittsburgh being the favorite.

It is the first rematch in Super Bowl history, the Steelers having downed the Cowboys, 21-17, three years ago at this same site.

About 79,000 fans are expected in the stadium.

The kickoff is supposed to be at 2:15 GMT. It will probably be closer to 2:30 GMT. By that time, about 100 million people will be tuned in to the nationally televised program to watch 90 men play a 60-minute game for a winning share of 18,000 dollars apiece — plus other playoff prize money and the glory that comes only to champions.

The quarterbacks are Roger Staubach of Dallas and Terry Bradshaw of Pittsburgh, the best passers in the League in 1978, having thrown 53 touchdowns passes between them. The biggest difference between them is that coach Tom Landry of the Cowboys sends all of Staubach's plays to the tackle via messenger while Chuck Noll, the Steelers' coach, lets Bradshaw call the shots.



PITTSBURGH'S BRADSHAW: Calls the shots

The primary runners are Franco Harris of Pittsburgh and Tony Dorsett of Dallas. Harris is a piledriver, able to run over or bounce off tacklers, and one of the most sure-handed ball-carriers. Dorsett is a speed merchant with a knack for getting to the outside and kicking into overdrive — but with a habit of

fumbling. The principal receivers are Dallas' Tony Hill and Drew Pearson, each of whom caught 50 passes and teamed for nine touchdowns, and Pittsburgh's gracefully devastating Lynn Swann and John Stallworth, who together amassed 119 receptions and 24 TDs.

The defenses are packed with stars — Randy White and Harvey Martin (last year's co-MVP, Valuable Players in the Super Bowl) up front and Charlie Waters and Cliff Harris in the secondary for Dallas. Joe Greene and L.C. Greenwood on the line, Jack Lambert behind them and Mel Blount behind him for Pittsburgh.

It is a matchup of the League's two best teams. It brings together the teams that played in what has been called the most exciting Super Bowl. It is the last Super Bowl of the decade.

And one of them will be its first and only three-time winner.

Wide open

Europe's snow and ice will test record Monte field

MONTE CARLO, Jan. 20 (AP) — The 47th Monte Carlo Rally started from nine European cities Saturday with a record entry list, tough weather conditions and a wide-open field of the world's leading rally drivers.

The winter weather that has dumped heavy snow and ice across Europe — and right down to the Riviera itself — has delighted the organizers, who in previous years have seen the premier winter rally run on near-dry roads.

The only major absentee from the lineup is Italian Sandro Munari, a four-time winner here. He will run only the East African Safari this year before retiring from competition.

All the rallying companies have top men and women drivers lined up. Fiat has 1973 winner Jean-Claude Andruet, Michele Mouton, now recognized as top competition to all the male drivers, Finn Marius Ales, and West Germany's Walter Rohrl. In Fiat 131 Abarth, and Sweden's Per Eklund in a Ritmo.

Ford is making its first serious attempt at Monte Carlo with Escorts. Drivers are Bjorn Waldegard, Swedish 1969 winner here, Hannu Mikkola of Finland, and Italian Antonio Carrello. It also has Fiesta for Ari Vatanen of Finland and Britain's Roger Clark.



RALLY STRAINS: Ford Monte Carlo driver Hannu Mikkola shows the strain. Team manager Peter Ashcroft is at left.



RALLY STRAINS: Ford Monte Carlo driver Roger Clark shows the strain. Team manager Peter Ashcroft is at left.



RALLY STRAINS: Ford Monte Carlo driver Finn Marius Ales shows the strain. Team manager Peter Ashcroft is at left.

Robey, dreary at Indiana, shines after Boston trade

NEW YORK, Jan. 20 (AP) — Rick Robey has something to prove.

The 6-foot-10 all-American from Kentucky was a big disappointment in the first half of his rookie pro season, even though he was handed a starting forward job by the Indiana Pacers.

This week coach Bobby Leonard finally ran out of patience and traded Robey to Boston for ex-Pacer Billy Knight, saying Robey would never be more than an average player in the National Basketball Association.

Maybe Leonard spoke too soon. Robey scored 18 points, including the game-winning basket, and grabbed 13 rebounds Friday night, leading the Boston Celtics to a 103-102 victory over the Milwaukee Bucks.

Despite five personal fouls, Robey was most effective in the fourth quarter, scoring nine points and dominating the board.

In other NBA games Friday night, the Kansas City



ROBEY: 1st pro season

Kings edged up San Antonio Spurs, 115-113. The Houston Rockets nipped the Los Angeles Lakers, 122-121 in overtime, the Washington Bullets beat the Chicago Bulls, 113-102, the New Orleans Jazz defeated the Portland Trail Blazers, 107-101, the Denver Nuggets trounced the Indiana Pacers, 101-98 and the New York Knicks topped the Cleveland Cavaliers, 105-101.

Darnell Hillman hit two free throws in the final 40 seconds as Kansas City won a battle of division leaders to extend its winning streak to five games, longest of the season.

Banned Japan federation to drop track invitations

TOKYO, Jan. 20 (R) — Japanese sport officials said Saturday that invitations to several foreign runners to compete in two marathon events in Japan next month would have to be dropped after the decision by the International Amateur Athletic Federation (IAAF) to suspend the governing bodies of athletics in 21 Asian countries until March 14.

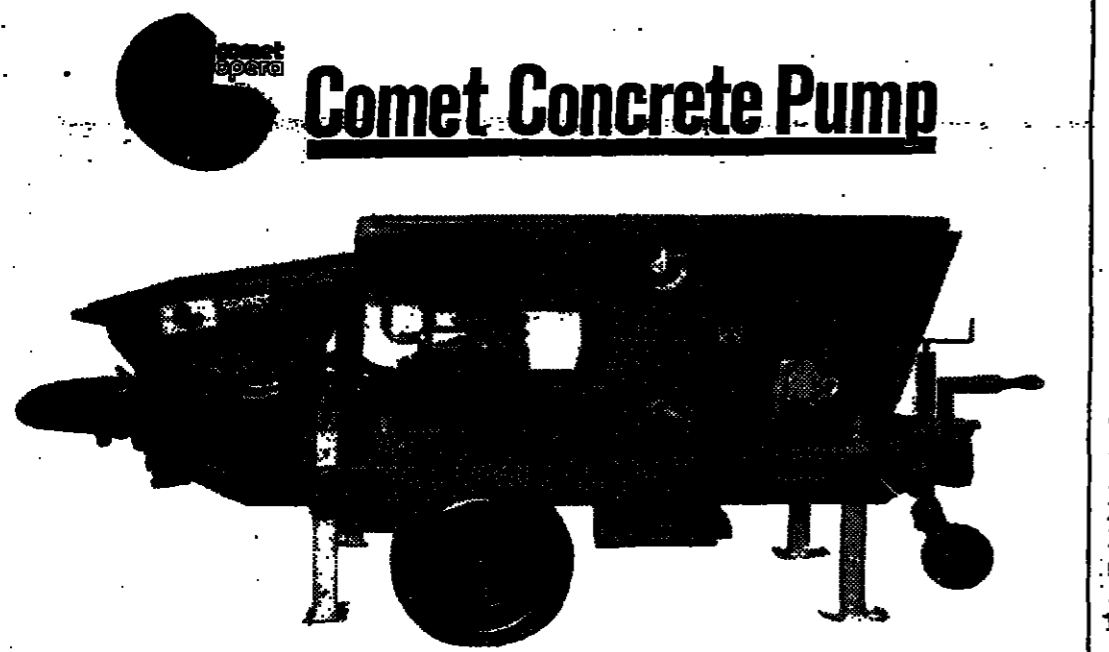
Because of the IAAF ban, a group of seven leading Japanese athletes, now in the United States, would also lose chances of participating in a series of indoor competitions there later this month and in February, they added.

The IAAF council, meeting in an extraordinary session in London Friday took the decision after the Asian national federations defied an IAAF ban on competing in the Asian Games in Bangkok last month.

The IAAF decided however that the athletes had not entered the games as individuals and were therefore not directly responsible for taking part. It therefore suspended the national bodies concerned for a token two-month period.

Sanction for the Asian Games was withheld because Israel, a member of the Asian Amateur Athletic Association, was not invited to compete. Any athletes who competed in the meeting was therefore automatically suspended from all competition.

College runners share record
PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 20 (AP) — Two American college students shared a world indoor record of 6.9 in the 60-yard hurdles at the Philadelphia track classic Friday night. The two students, who finished in a dead heat, were Greg Foster of the University of California at Los Angeles and Renaldo Nehemiah of the University of Maryland.



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If further information is required please contact us. Your immediate action and cooperation will be appreciated.

Confident Pakistan batting must scare NZ selectors

AUCKLAND, Jan. 20 (AP) — Pakistan's batting looked so good against Wellington Saturday that New Zealand selectors must be feeling uneasy about the Test series. On the first day of the three-day match, Imran Khan took to the Wellington attack and blasted 91 runs in only 76 minutes. The innings was declared at 293 for six. In other cricket Saturday, an Indian North Zone cricket team bundled out the West Indies for a meager 167 runs in opening play Saturday of a three-day match at Jullundur, India, and replied strongly with 69 for two wickets at draw of stumps. And in Hobart, Australia, England was 37 runs in front of Tasmania with six first innings wickets in hand when rain stopped play before lunch Saturday.

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An aerial photograph showing a large, rectangular building complex with multiple wings, surrounded by a high perimeter wall. A wide road or highway runs along the bottom right of the complex. The image is grainy and has a high-contrast, black-and-white appearance.

AID Administrator John Gilligan said Friday that by the turn of the century the world's population was expected to rise by 2.2 billion to 6.2 billion, with 90 per cent living in Third World countries.

					
PORTS AUTHORITY JEDDAH ISLAMIC PORT SHIP MOVEMENTS UP TO THE MORNING OF 20TH JANUARY 1979					
1-VESSELS					
DISCHARGING	BERTH	VESSEL	AGENT	CARGO	ARR.DATE
1A	—	—	—	—	—
1	—	—	—	—	—
2	GOLDEN MIRANDA	A.E.T.	VEHICLES	18.1.1979	
3	MAWAN ISLAND	ALATAS	DURRA	18.1.1979	
4	CHAR MING	ABDULLAH	GENERAL	15.1.1979	
5	CASTLE GLORY	STAR NAV.	DURRA	15.1.1979	
5	ROBERT-E-LEE	A.E.T.	GENERAL	15.1.1979	
6	(BRGS) ACE PIONEER	M.T.A.	GENERAL	17.1.1979	
7	MALDIVE UNITY	OCEAN TRADE	GENERAL	19.1.1979	
8	SAMOS SKY	ALPHA	SUGAR	12.1.1979	
9	—	—	—	—	—
10	ATLANTIC FOREST	KANOO	GENERAL	5.1.1979	
10	(BRGS)	—	—	—	—
11	—	—	—	—	—
12	—	—	—	—	—
13	—	—	—	—	—
14	—	—	—	—	—
15	MARE TRANQUILLO	BAROOM	BAGGED CEMENT	5.1.1979	
16	KAWACHE MARU	ALIREZA	CONTAINERS	18.1.1979	
17	—	—	—	—	—
18	IONIAN CARRIER	ROLACO	BULK CEMENT	5.1.1979	
19	—	—	—	—	—
20	KREON	SADAKA	MARBLE	16.1.1979	
21	ELLY II	A.A.	BAGGED CEMENT	9.1.1979	
22	ALIDA	SHOBOKSEH	TILES/STEEL	16.1.1979	
23	FILIPINAS SAUDI I	S.A.M.A.	ACCOMMODATION SHIP	—	—
23	—	—	—	—	—
35	—	—	—	—	—
36	—	—	—	—	—
38	HAKONE	BARBER	CONTR.S/GENERAL	18.1.1979	
39	—	—	—	—	—
40	LISABON	ALPHA	BAGGED BARLEY	15.12.1978	
41	RIO DE JANEIRO	ALPHA	SUGAR	15.1.1979	
41	(BRGS) STONE WALL	A.E.T.	GENERAL/RICE	9.1.1979	
42	JACKSON REGINA 'S'	RED SEA	CEMENT/GENERAL/CONTAINERS	15.1.1979	
43	PUMA	STAR NAV.	FRUITS	12.1.1979	
44	—	—	—	—	—
RO RO					
2-Recent Arrivals					
MALDIVE UNITY	OCEAN TRD.	GENERAL	19.1.1979		
BOUDA LUCK	ALWANI	STEEL	19.1.1979		
ARAB FALCON	KANOO	BARGES	19.1.1979		
RISHI VALMIKI	GREI	DURRA	19.1.1979		
MAWAN ISLAND	ALATAS	DURRA	19.1.1979		
FUSO MARU	ALIREZA	GENERAL	19.1.1979		
3-Vessels Expected With in 24 Hours					
YOUSUF	O.C.E.	CHICKENS	20.1.1979		
SONIA SOPHIA 'S	ALGOSAIBI	GENERAL	20.1.1979		
AL BATTANI	S.E.A.	GENERAL	20.1.1979		
ARAB AL AHSAA	SADAKA	DURRA	20.1.1979		
PROTOKLITOS	ALIREZA	TRUCKS	20.1.1979		
LA ROCHELLE	ALGEZIRAH	CONTAINERS	20.1.1979		
NAXOS	M.T.A.	CONTAINERS	20.1.1979		
FUZLAAN	S.E.A.	BAGGED CEMENT	20.1.1979		
4-Tonnages Discharged: (Freight Tons): 47303					
5-WAITING TIME:NIL					
Importers having good: on the abovementioned ships should complete their formalities as soon as possible. For any enquiries please contact the Shipping Agents.					

TOYO TIRES

RADIAL

SAID M. EL AMOUDI
JEDDAH OFFICE: Tel: 23801
RIYADH 24420 DAMMAM 21012

Arab News

International Finance

International Bourse, commodities, Money and Exchange Rates

INDUSTRIAL GASES PRODUCTION

CAN MAKING SHIPBUILDING HONDA PRODUCTS YANMAR PRODUCTS

ABDULLAH HASHIM ESTS.
JEDDAH MECCA RIYADH DAMMAM
32065-32471 25603 28032-23592 24720-24730

WORLD STOCK MARKETS

بورصات العالم

Stock	Jan. 17	Jan. 18	Jan. 19
Amsterd.	154.00	154.00	154.00
Brussels	154.00	154.00	154.00
London	154.00	154.00	154.00
Paris	154.00	154.00	154.00
Stockholm	154.00	154.00	154.00
Oslo	154.00	154.00	154.00
Stock <th>Jan. 17</th> <th>Jan. 18</th> <th>Jan. 19</th>	Jan. 17	Jan. 18	Jan. 19
Amsterd.	154.00	154.00	154.00
Brussels	154.00	154.00	154.00
London	154.00	154.00	154.00
Paris	154.00	154.00	154.00
Stockholm	154.00	154.00	154.00
Oslo	154.00	154.00	154.00

COMMERICAL & INDUSTRIAL

Stock	Jan. 17	Jan. 18	Jan. 19
Amsterd.	154.00	154.00	154.00
Brussels	154.00	154.00	154.00
London	154.00	154.00	154.00
Paris	154.00	154.00	154.00
Stockholm	154.00	154.00	154.00
Oslo	154.00	154.00	154.00

BANKING

Bank	Jan. 17	Jan. 18	Jan. 19
Amsterd.	154.00	154.00	154.00
Brussels	154.00	154.00	154.00
London	154.00	154.00	154.00
Paris	154.00	154.00	154.00
Stockholm	154.00	154.00	154.00
Oslo	154.00	154.00	154.00

OIL

Oil	Jan. 17	Jan. 18	Jan. 19
Amsterd.	154.00	154.00	154.00
Brussels	154.00	154.00	154.00
London	154.00	154.00	154.00
Paris	154.00	154.00	154.00
Stockholm	154.00	154.00	154.00
Oslo	154.00	154.00	154.00

MINING STOCKS

Mining	Jan. 17	Jan. 18	Jan. 19
Amsterd.	154.00	154.00	154.00
Brussels	154.00	154.00	154.00
London	154.00	154.00	154.00
Paris	154.00	154.00	154.00
Stockholm	154.00	154.00	154.00
Oslo	154.00	154.00	154.00

EXCHANGE RATES AND LONDON GOLD

اسعار العملات والذهب

Exchange	Jan. 19	Jan. 18	Jan. 17
Amsterd.	154.00	154.00	154.00
Brussels	154.00	154.00	154.00
London	154.00	154.00	154.00
Paris	154.00	154.00	154.00
Stockholm	154.00	154.00	154.00
Oslo	154.00	154.00	154.00

DOW JONES STOCK AVERAGES

مؤشر داو جونز

Index	Jan. 19	Jan. 18	Jan. 17
Amsterd.	154.00	154.00	154.00
Brussels	154.00	154.00	154.00
London	154.00	154.00	154.00
Paris	154.00	154.00	154.00
Stockholm	154.00	154.00	154.00
Oslo	154.00	154.00	154.00

FINANCIAL TIMES STOCK INDICES

مؤشر الفينانشل تايمز

Index	Jan. 19	Jan. 18	Jan. 17
Amsterd.	154.00	154.00	154.00
Brussels	154.00	154.00	154.00
London	154.00	154.00	154.00
Paris	154.00	154.00	154.00
Stockholm	154.00	154.00	154.00
Oslo	154.00	154.00	154.00

LONDON COMMODITY PRICES

اسعار السلع والمخلفات الرئيسية

Commodity	Jan. 19	Jan. 18	Jan. 17
Amsterd.	154.00	154.00	154.00
Brussels	154.00	154.00	154.00
London	154.00	154.00	154.00
Paris	154.00	154.00	154.00
Stockholm	154.00	154.00	154.00
Oslo	154.00	154.00	154.00

SOYABEAN MEAL

Meal	Jan. 19	Jan. 18	Jan. 17
Amsterd.	154.00	154.00	154.00
Brussels	154.00	154.00	154.00
London	154.00	154.00	154.00
Paris	154.00	154.00	154.00
Stockholm	154.00	154.00	154.00
Oslo	154.00	154.00	154.00

Wool

Wool	Jan. 19	Jan. 18	Jan. 17
Amsterd.	154.00	154.00	154.00
Brussels	154.00	154.00	154.00
London	154.00	154.00	154.00
Paris	154.00	154.00	154.00
Stockholm	154.00	154.00	154.00
Oslo	154.00	154.00	154.00

ARABICA COFFEE

Coffee	Jan. 19	Jan. 18	Jan. 17
Amsterd.	154.00	154.00	154.00
Brussels	154.00	154.00	154.00
London	154.00	154.00	154.00
Paris	154.00	154.00	154.00
Stockholm	154.00	154.00	154.00
Oslo	154.00	154.00	154.00

EURO-CURRENCY INTEREST RATES

اسعار فوائد العملات الأوروبية

Rate	Jan. 19	Jan. 18	Jan. 17
Amsterd.	154.00	154.00	154.00
Brussels	154.00	154.00	154.00
London	154.00	154.00	154.00
Paris	154.00	154.00	154.00
Stockholm	154.00	154.00	154.00
Oslo	154.00	154.00	154.00

B.C.

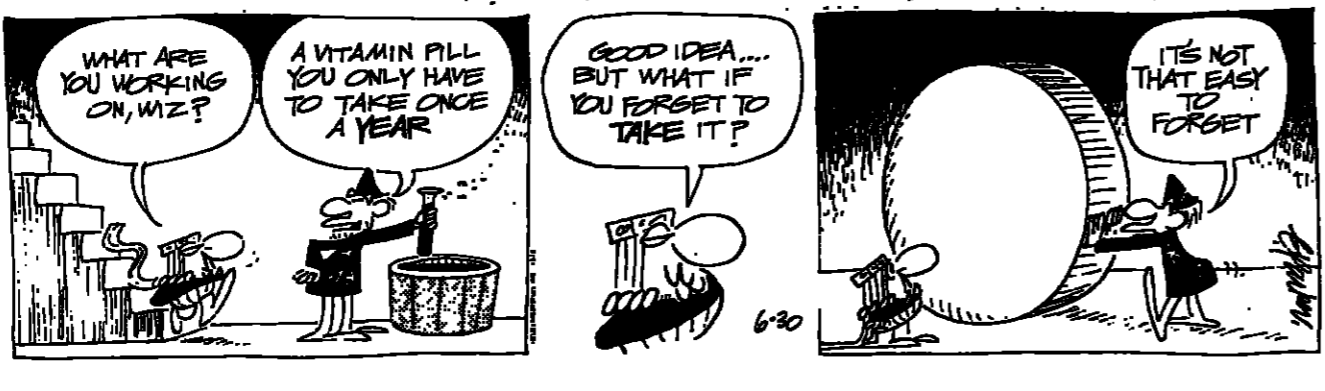
SMALL SOCIETY

BLONDIE

BEEBLE BAILEY

HAGAR

WIZARD



Dennis the Menace



"I CAUGHT THE FIRST SNOWFLAKE FOR YOU, MOM... BUT IT MUSTA GOT AWAY."

CROSSWORD PUZZLE

Crossword

by THOMAS JOSEPH

ACROSS

1 Complicate

7 Farched

11 "Wuthering

12 star

13 Buck

14 Aromatic

15 Afford

16 Biblical

17 spot

18 Reservoir

19 Coast bird

20 Unruffled

21 Cheer

22 Unused

23 Food for

24 problem

25 Nautical

26 chain

27 Writer

28 Wicket

29 Elliptical

30 Show off

31 Biblical

32 ornaments

33 Beverage

34 Tiber

35 tributary

36 Suptent

37 Antenna

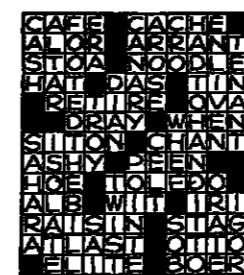
38 wire

39 Redolence

40 Corrosive

41 Lack

42 Excavate



Yesterday's Answer

22 East away

24 Radar sign

25 Constel-

26 Beam ideal

27 Skin disease

28 Piglet's

29 parent

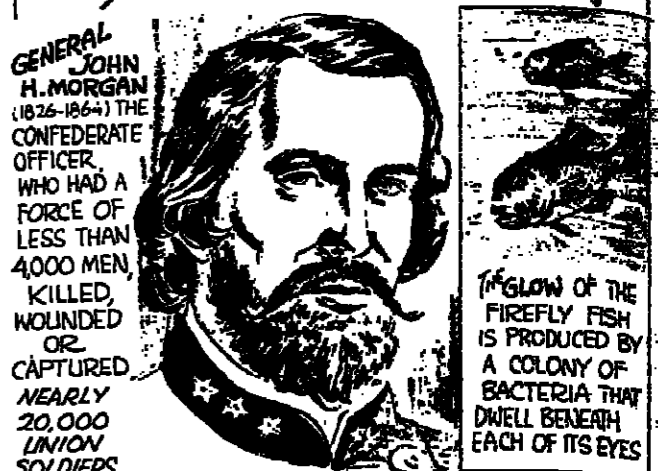
30 Hayward film

31 Directed

32 Word with

33 drum or drop

Believe It or Not!



GENERAL JOHN H. MORGAN (1824-1864) THE CONFEDERATE OFFICER WHO HAD A FORCE OF LESS THAN 4000 MEN, KILLED, WOUNDED OR CAPTURED NEARLY 20,000 UNION SOLDIERS.

Contract Bridge

B. Jay Becker

The Art of Good Salesmanship

Consider this deal where, if you look at all four hands, it seems that the outcome is preordained. Declarer's only losers are two hearts and one club, and he should therefore make four spades. However, when the hand was played, South went down one. He fell victim to a clever move by East.

West led the king of hearts, which was certainly a normal lead. East thereupon overtook the king with the ace and returned the deuce of hearts to West's queen. West naturally assumed that his partner had started with the doubleton A-2 of hearts — which was exactly what East wanted him to think — and he therefore continued with the ten of hearts at trick three.

Declarer could now have made the contract by ruffing low in dummy, but he elected to ruff high because he was afraid that otherwise East would overruff dummy's four of spades and in that way defeat the contract.

When East followed suit on the third round of hearts, declarer realized he had been had. However, it was too late for him to do anything about it; the damage had already been done. East later scored a trump trick, as well as the ace of clubs, to put the contract down one, and he was suitably rewarded for his imaginative play.

The bidding:

East South West North

1♣ 1♥ 2♥ 3♥

Pass 4♣ 2♥ 3♥

Opening lead - king of hearts.

A defender who makes it a practice to falsify regularly — in an effort to fool the declarer — will often wind up fooling his partner instead and thus defeat the very purpose of the falsification.

However, there are hands where a defender can afford to deliberately deceive his partner — at the same time as he is trying to deceive declarer — because no harm, and only some good, can come from his deceptive measures. Such situations are comparatively rare, but they should be explored when the occasion arises.

DAILY CRYPTOQUOTE — Here's how to work it:

AXYDLBAAXE

LONGFELLOW

One letter simply stands for another. In this sample A is used for the three L's, X for the two O's, etc. Single letters, apostrophes, the length and formation of the words are all hints. Each day the code letters are different.

CRYPTOQUOTES

CWV FHC RE LVPDA IPXV PX

CWV FHC RE YDRIPDA IWFC

CR RQVHURRY — IPUPPFG SFGVX

Yesterday's Cryptomessage: FOR IT IS NOT DEATH OR HARD- SHIP THAT IS A FEARFUL THING, BUT THE FEAR OF DEATH AND HARDSHIP. — EPICETUS

VITTEL

for vitality

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WADIA: 040004

TEL: 21271 52164

ARAB NEWS CALENDAR

PRAYER TIMES

SUNDAY

	Fajr	Ishraq	Dhuhr	Asr	Maghreb	Isha
Mecca	5:44	7:07	12:39	3:48	6:06	7:36
Medina	5:51	7:11	12:41	3:45	6:02	7:32
Nejd	5:16	6:39	12:07	3:11	5:29	6:59

DHAHRAN TV

5:30 Children's Show	Sesame St. No. 1056
6:27 Encyclopaedia Britannica	Irish Boy: The Story of Sean
6:41 Soccer Training Film	Juggling, Trapping & Heading
7:10 Smoking Spot	Powder Monkey
7:11 Safety Film	The Sound of Sound
7:29 Heartline to Health	No. 13 Cholesterol — A Curse
7:45 The Saint III	The Reluctant Revolution
8:34 Soccer	Note vs Burnley
9:28 Famous Film	Pretty Poison

WEATHER

The weather will be rather moderate in the western and northern provinces with northerly winds at slow to moderate speed, and humidity will fall. It will be partially cloudy and humid in the northeastern, central and eastern areas where fog is expected between night and dawn and scattered rain. Clouds will diminish gradually in the southwestern region, though rainstorms are expected. Sea conditions in territorial waters will be calm to moderate.

Saturday's temperature (maximum, minimum in centigrade)

Mecca	28	19	Bail	19	08
Jeddah	28	19	Tabuk	17	03
Riyadh	22	16	Tunaf	14	-1
Dhahran	24	15	Rafha	19	08
Medina	26	13	Yanbu	25	17
Taif	19	10	Abha	12	06

SAUDI RADIO

Afternoon Transmission	Evening Transmission
1:00 Opening	10:00 Opening
1:01 The Holy Quran	10:01 The Holy Quran
1:02 Gems of Guidance	10:02 Message to the Faithful
1:03 S.A. — A Daily Chronicle	10:10 Light Music
1:04 S.A. Historical Notes	10:15 NEWS
1:05 Off the Record	10:25 S.A. — A Daily Chronicle
1:06 Your Choice	10:30 Music Worldwide
1:07 On Islam	11:00 Champions of Solidarity
1:08 Islam the Divine Truth	11:01 Press Review
1:09 NEWS	11:15 The Sixties
1:10 Press Review	11:45 The World of United
1:11 Music	12:00 Islamic Contributions
1:12 Music	12:15 The Songwriters
1:13 Music	12:45 A. Rendezvous with Dreams
3:50 Close Down	12:59 Close Down

VOA

5:05 News Reel	10:30 VOA Magazine
5:06 News Reel	10:31 VOA Magazine
5:07 News Reel	10:32 VOA Magazine
5:08 News Reel	10:33 VOA Magazine
5:09 News Reel	10:34 VOA Magazine
5:10 News Reel	10:35 VOA Magazine
5:11 News Reel	10:36 VOA Magazine
5:12 News Reel	10:37 VOA Magazine
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6:58 News Reel	12:23 VOA Magazine
6:59 News Reel	12:24 VOA Magazine
7:00 News Reel	12:25 VOA Magazine
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7:02 News Reel	12:27 VOA Magazine
7:03 News Reel	12:28 VOA Magazine
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7:41 News Reel	13:06 VOA Magazine
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7:46 News Reel	13:11 VOA Magazine
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7:54 News Reel	13:19 VOA Magazine
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7:56 News Reel	13:21 VOA Magazine
7:57 News Reel	13:22 VOA Magazine
7:58 News Reel	13:23 VOA Magazine
7:59 News Reel	13:24 VOA Magazine
8:00 News Reel	13:25 VOA Magazine
8:01 News Reel	13:26 VOA Magazine

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55161 55162 55163

PASSPORT LOST
Pakistani Passport No. AF 615082 issued to Mr. Bashir Ahmed has been lost. Finder please deliver it to Pakistan Embassy - Jeddah.

LOST
15TH DEC:
Neutered male Cat-Ginger ears and tail with Ginger spot on each side. Named TURK. If found please call 61132-Jeddah.

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notice to consignees
JOLLY MARRONE VOY: 11/79.
The above vessel will arrive at Jeddah Islamic port on 23-1-79 - 25-2-1399
Consignees are kindly requested to timely arrange for the documents necessary for clearing and withdraw their delivery orders (against submission of original bill of loading or bank guarantee) upon vessel's arrival.
For more information, please contact Jeddah. P.O. Box: 5. Tel: 24879-42553. Telex: 401504 Faisalna. Cable: Faisalna.



PASSPORT LOST
Philippine Passport No. 405677 issued at Manila on 14-5-1976 to Mr. Rodrigo C. Torres has been lost. Finder please deliver it to Philippine Embassy - Jeddah.

German Passport No. D 1389146 issued at Roxel on 28-12-1972 to Mr. Kalisch Arno Heinrich, has been lost. Finder please deliver it to German Embassy - Jeddah.

PASSPORT LOST
Indian Passport No. 567049 issued at Jeddah to Mr. Mohammad Mustafa has been lost. Finder please deliver it to Indian Embassy - Jeddah.

A handbag containing Mazda Car 929 Istamara, Driving Licence, Iqama No. 5/199 and Company's Identity Card all belonging to Mr. Yousuf Mashih, (Pakistani) has been lost. Finder please deliver it to Pakistan Embassy - Jeddah.

THE TRAVELLER'S TRAVEL AND SERVICES
Khaled St, 6th Int. Suwaiket Bld.
Tel: 46167-44436 46717 Telex: 670193 AZIZ SJ
P.O. Box: 321, Alkhobar, Saudi Arabia

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Please contact:
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Tel. 21439 24656

USED EQUIPMENT SALE
McDermott Saudi Arabia Company offers the following equipment items for sale to the highest bidder.

Items	Number
Datsun Station Wagon, 1973 Model.	1
Pontiac Ventura Sedan, 1975 Model.	1
Pontiac Ventura Sedan, 1975 Model.	1

This equipment sale is offered "as is where is" and may be viewed in our yard approximately 4 kms from Al-Khobar on the Dammam Road. Sealed Bid forms will be provided at our office and may be submitted upto 4 p.m. 31st Jan. 1979.

ORIENTAINERS



SOCIETE NAVALE
CHARGEURS DELMAS-VIELJEUX

LAROCHELLE
Voy: 26
The above vessel arrived at Jeddah on 20th January
Consignees are kindly requested to take delivery of their cargo
For any further information please contact:
ALGEZIRAH SHIPPING AGENCIES
P.O. Box 1703,
Tel: 28333-28529-28779-43350
Telex: 400013 GEZIRA SJ

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